

Transport Focus

Project Spotlight

HEADLINE RESULTS

DECEMBER 2019

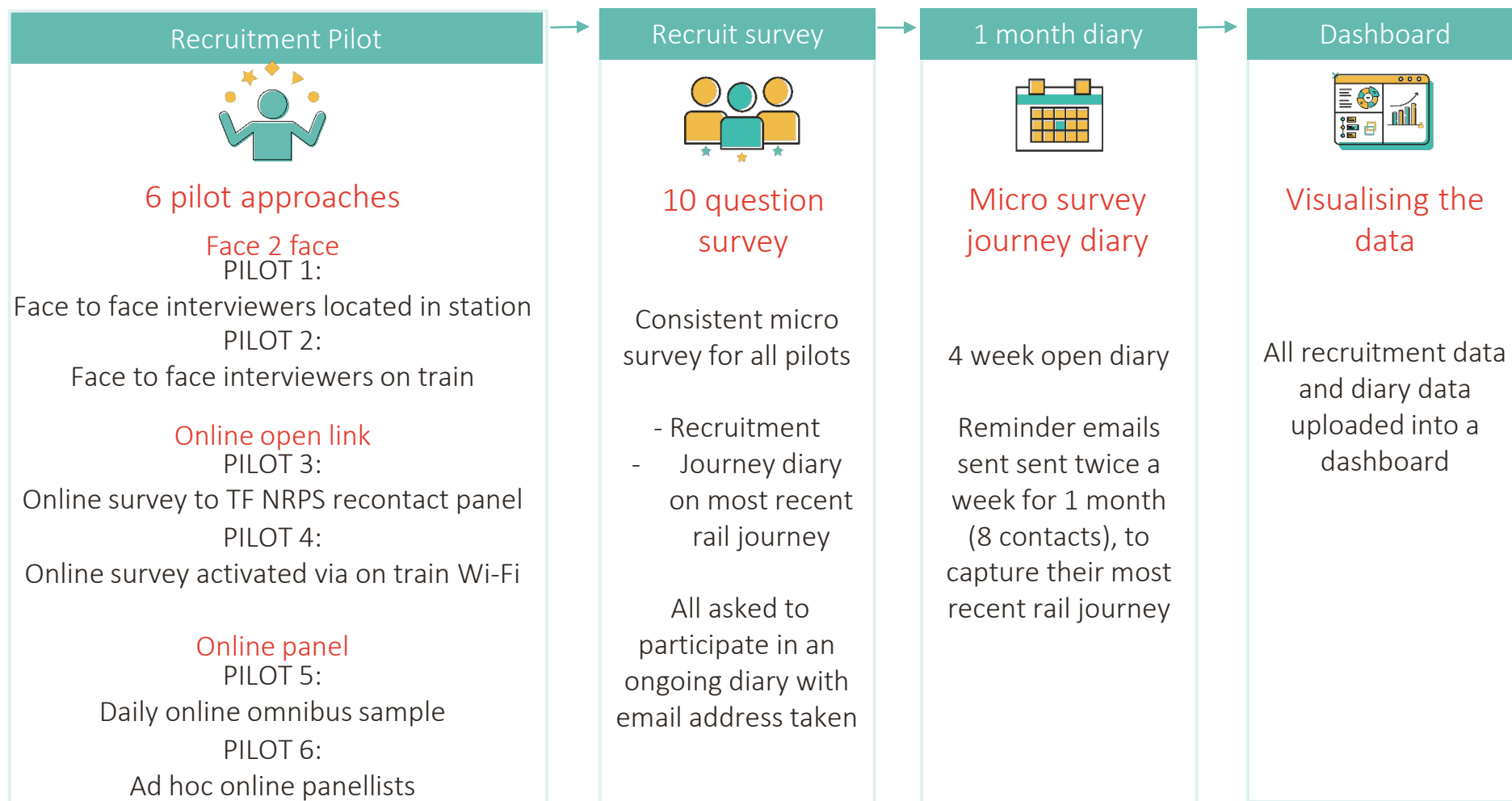
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Pilot performance overview

Overview of Our Approach



Summary of pilot approaches



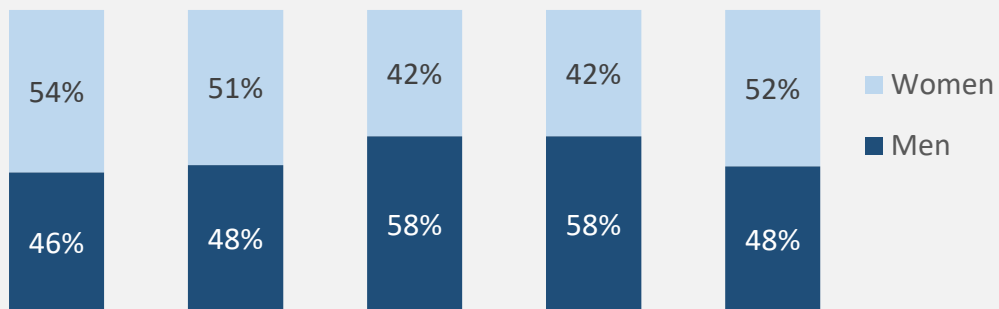
	Recruitment Pilot	Recruit survey	1 month diary
Face 2 face (prize draw incentive)	PILOT 1: 9 X Face to face interviewers shifts in station 2 Waterloo, 3 Euston, 2 Liverpool St, 2 BNS*	Target a total minimum 200 face to face interviews	For those providing email address and agreeing to participate in diary
	PILOT 2: 10 X Face to face interviewers on train 5 shifts on Northern Route and 5 shifts GWR	Target minimum 200 face to face interviews	For those providing email address and agreeing to participate in diary
Online open link (prize draw incentive)	PILOT 3: Online survey to TF NRPS recontact panel	1749 email addresses invited to participate	All agreeing to participate in diary
	PILOT 4: Online survey activated via on train Wi-Fi	Note not progressed due to TOC based technical/logistic issues	
Online panel (panel incentive)	PILOT 5: Online omnibus survey sample, 2000 Nat Rep	Target recruit 200 people travelled in the past week	All recruited based on agreeing to participate in diary
	PILOT 6: Ad hoc online panellists – direct recruitment	Direct panel recruit of 100 people travelled in past week	All recruited based on agreeing to participate in diary

Summary of pilot performance

	PILOT 1 Face to face in station	PILOT 2 Face to face on train	PILOT 3 NRPS re-contact	PILOT 5 Omnibus sample	PILOT 6 Ad hoc online panellists	
Recruitment	Number of people recruited	204	252	(1749 emails sent) 326 (19%)	(2000 Nat Rep) 320 past week (16%)	128
	Number of emails shared	92 (45%)	103 (41%)	253 (78%)	235 (73%)	100 (78%)
Online diary	Diary length	5 weeks	3 weeks	5 weeks	5 weeks	5 weeks
	Number of <u>people</u> completing online diary any week	12 (9%)	33 (32%)	185 (73%)	191 (81%)	80 (80%)
	Total number of <u>journeys</u> collected	27	66	735	2195	856
	Average numbers of journeys per active person per week	1.4	1.4	1.5	3.1	3.1
	Recommendation to use	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES

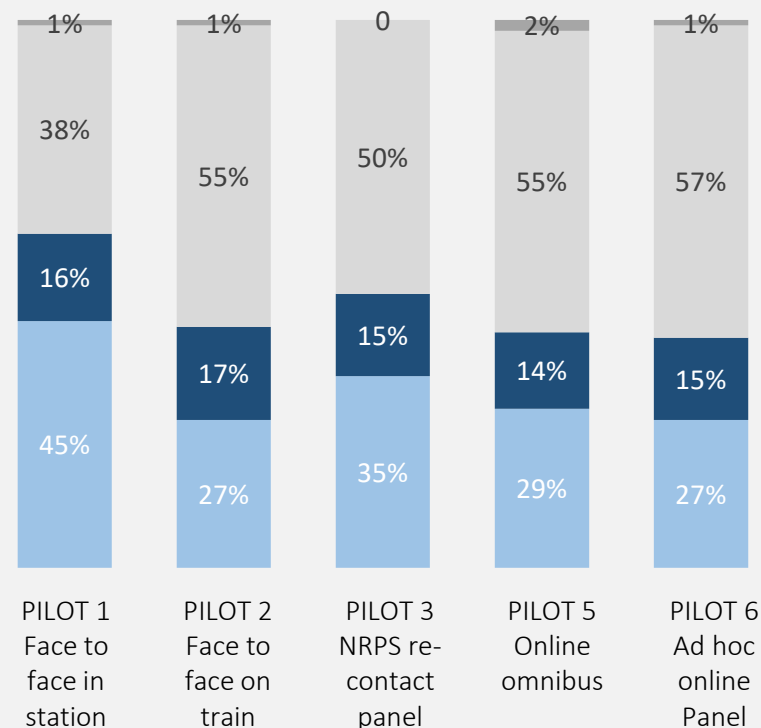
Profile of people recruited – all taken a journey in the last week

Gender

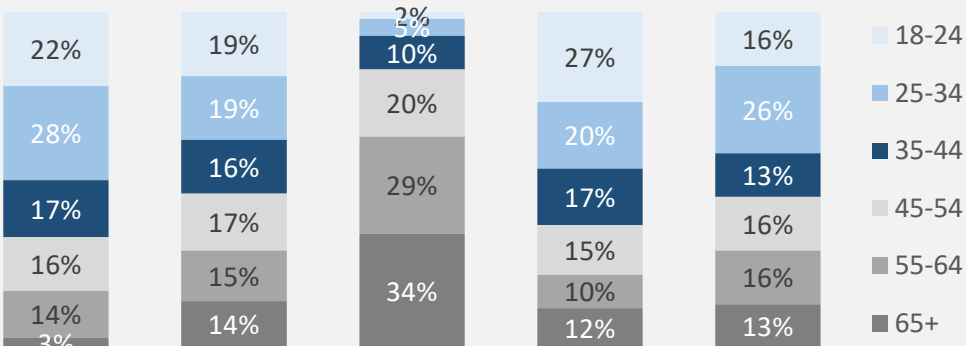


Journey Purpose

- Other
- For personal reasons or leisure
- Travel for work or business (eg meetings)
- Commute to work or education



Age



Number of active respondents by week

	PILOT 1		PILOT 2		PILOT 3		PILOT 5		PILOT 6	
	Face to face in station	% recruit active	Face to face on train	% recruit active	NRPS re-contact	% recruit active	Online omnibus	% recruit active	Ad hoc online	% recruit active
Recruitment	92		103		253		235		100	
Week 1	3	3%	16	16%	73	29%	165	70%	56	56%
Week 2	6	7%	19	18%	106	42%	148	63%	62	62%
Week 3	3	3%	9	9%	74	29%	126	54%	57	57%
Week 4	4	4%	6	6%	68	27%	107	46%	50	50%
Number completing any week	12	13%	33	32%	185	73%	191	81%	80	80%

Number of recorded journeys by week

	PILOT 1		PILOT 2		PILOT 3		PILOT 5		PILOT 6	
	Face to face in station	week on week drop	Face to face on train	week on week drop	NRPS re-contact	week on week drop	Online omnibus	week on week drop	Ad hoc online	week on week drop
Recruited people	92		103		253		235		100	
TOTAL JOURNEYS LOGGED										
Week 1	3		20		181		698		237	
Week 2	10	333%	21	105%	123	68%	448	64%	234	99%
Week 3	4	40%	16	76%	115	93%	329	73%	157	67%
Week 4	4	100%	9	56%	96	83%	272	83%	115	73%

Summary: pilot performance overview

- **Significant differences by pilot** in terms of recruitment and ongoing diary participation/entries
- The **Interviewer led** in station and on train pilots are not viable given low diary participation and very high attrition between recruitment and the diary stage
 - In station sample skews to commuters reflecting time of interviewer shift
- The **NRPS recontact pilot** showed a relatively high email conversion rate, high diary participation with low week on week attrition. Considerably older sample.
- The **online panel omnibus and direct recruitment** approaches provided the highest volume of diary entries and lowest week on week attrition. Good age/gender spread
- **Recommendation:** use a combination of panel and NRPS recontact approaches

Overview of pilot data

NB. This is looking at journeys taken in the last week

Analysing the pilot results



1

What does journey satisfaction look like across the pilots?



2

Do the pilots deliver a representative view of journeys taken in the last week?

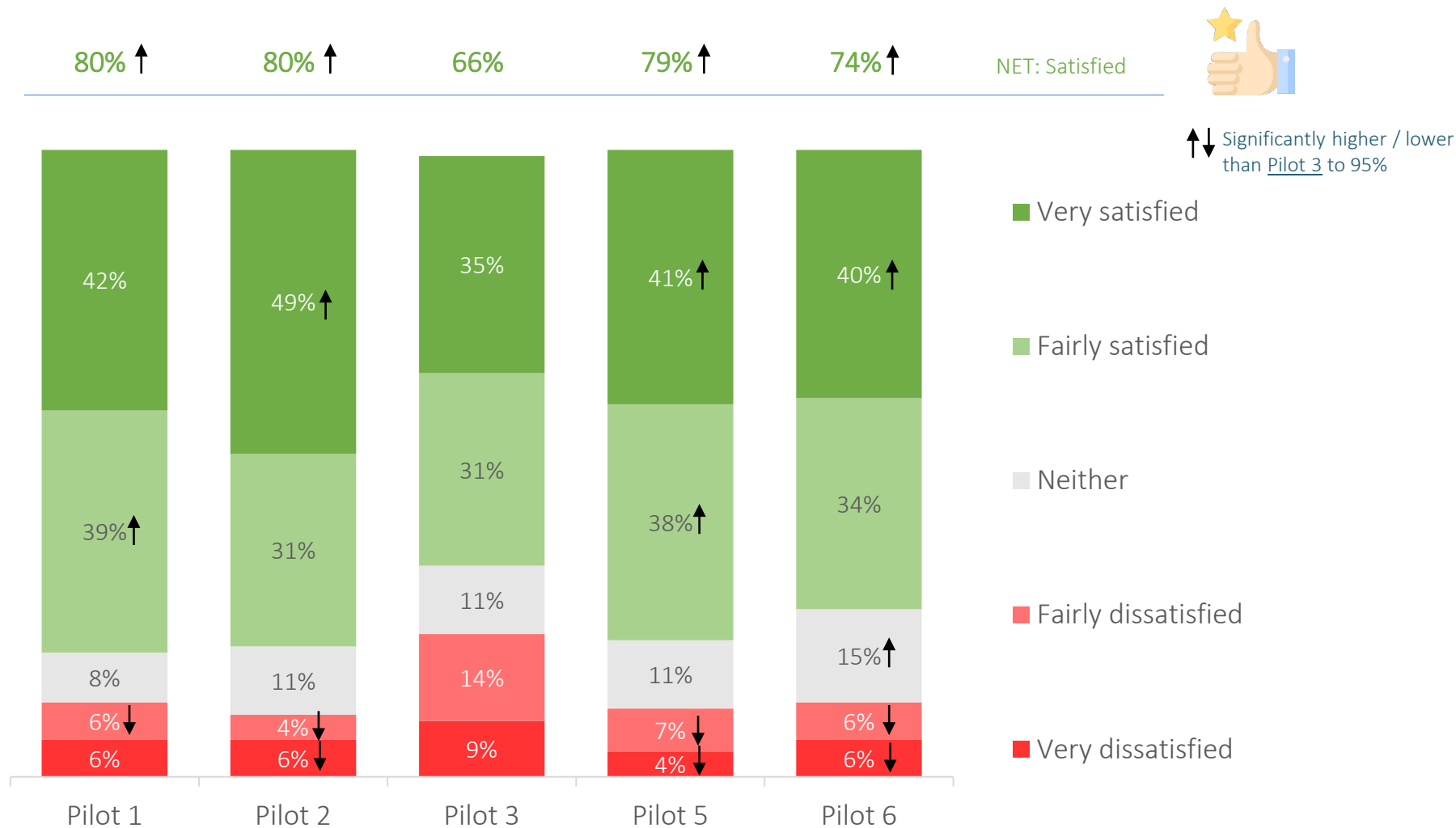


3

How does pilot satisfaction compare to current NRPS results?

Journey satisfaction is high and consistent across pilots 1, 2 and 3. Journeys from pilot 3 aren't as positive

Overall satisfaction



There is a good spread of TOC usage across pilots 3, 5 and 6. Given the on train interviewing, there was very little variation in TOC usage in pilot 2

TOC's used for journeys: share of journeys

	PILOT 1 Face to face in station	PILOT 2 Face to face on train	PILOT 3 NRPS re-contact	PILOT 5 Omnibus sample	PILOT 6 Ad hoc online panellists
Northern	1%	51%	11%	10%	11%
Great Western Railway	2%	40%	9%	6%	10%
Southeastern	5%	1%	7%	10%	7%
South Western Railway	16%	1%	9%	5%	12%
ScotRail	-	-	6%	10%	4%
West Midlands Trains	16%	1%	5%	8%	8%
London Overground	11%	-	1%	7%	8%
Southern	6%	-	3%	6%	6%
Greater Anglia	13%	1%	3%	5%	8%
CrossCountry	5%	-	7%	5%	5%
Thameslink	2%	*	3%	4%	3%
c2c	1%	-	5%	2%	4%
Great Northern	1%	1%	2%	3%	2%
TfL Rail	2%	-	3%	3%	1%
Merseyrail	-	-	3%	2%	*
Other	17%	3%	22%	14%	9%

Top reasons for journey satisfaction is fairly consistent across pilots, although cleanliness is more top of mind for pilots 2 and 3

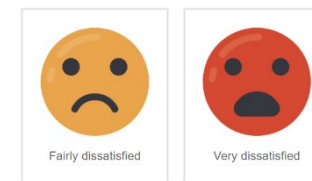
Reason for journey satisfaction (top 2 box) – top 4 topics mentioned



	PILOT 1 Face to face in station	PILOT 2 Face to face on train	PILOT 3 NRPS re-contact	PILOT 5 Omnibus sample	PILOT 6 Ad hoc online panellists
Top topic	Punctuality (33%)	Punctuality (47%)	Punctuality (63%)	Punctuality (47%)	Punctuality (40%)
	Speed / efficiency (20%)	Capacity / crowding (23%)	Capacity / crowding (31%)	Capacity / crowding (22%)	Pleasant / comfortable (23%)
	Capacity / crowding (17%)	Pleasant / comfortable (18%)	Pleasant / comfortable (13%)	Pleasant / comfortable (21%)	Capacity / crowding (18%)
	Pleasant / comfortable (14%)	Cleanliness (14%)	Cleanliness (11%)	Speed / efficiency (18%)	Speed / efficiency (16%)

Reason for journey dissatisfaction is also quite similar across pilots

Reason for journey dissatisfaction (top 2 box) – top 4 topics mentioned



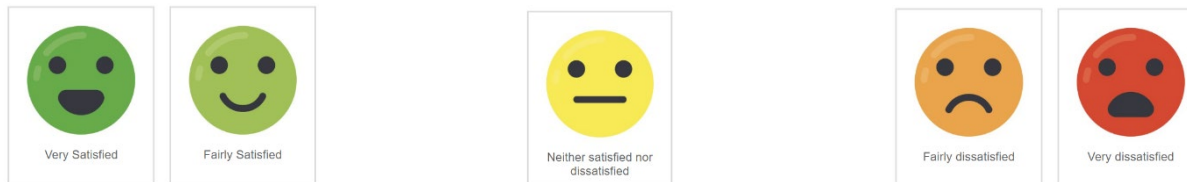
	PILOT 1 Face to face in station	PILOT 2 Face to face on train	PILOT 3 NRPS re-contact	PILOT 5 Omnibus sample	PILOT 6 Ad hoc online panellists
Top topic	Punctuality (58%)	Punctuality (37%)	Punctuality (54%)	Punctuality (48%)	Capacity / crowding (57%)
	Cancellations (21%)	Capacity / crowding (27%)	Capacity / crowding (27%)	Capacity / crowding (33%)	Punctuality (43%)
	Quality of trains (17%)	Cancellations (13%)	Cancellations (22%)	Cancellations (13%)	Cost (7%)
	Capacity / crowding (13%)	Quality of trains (10%)	Convenience / ease (15%)	Convenience / ease (7%)	Cancellations (7%)

NB – low base size, indicative only

The verbatim sentiment profile intuitively aligns with satisfaction, that said satisfactory journeys can still result in some level of negative response

Journey satisfaction by sentiment of satisfaction verbatim

Similar pattern across all the pilots

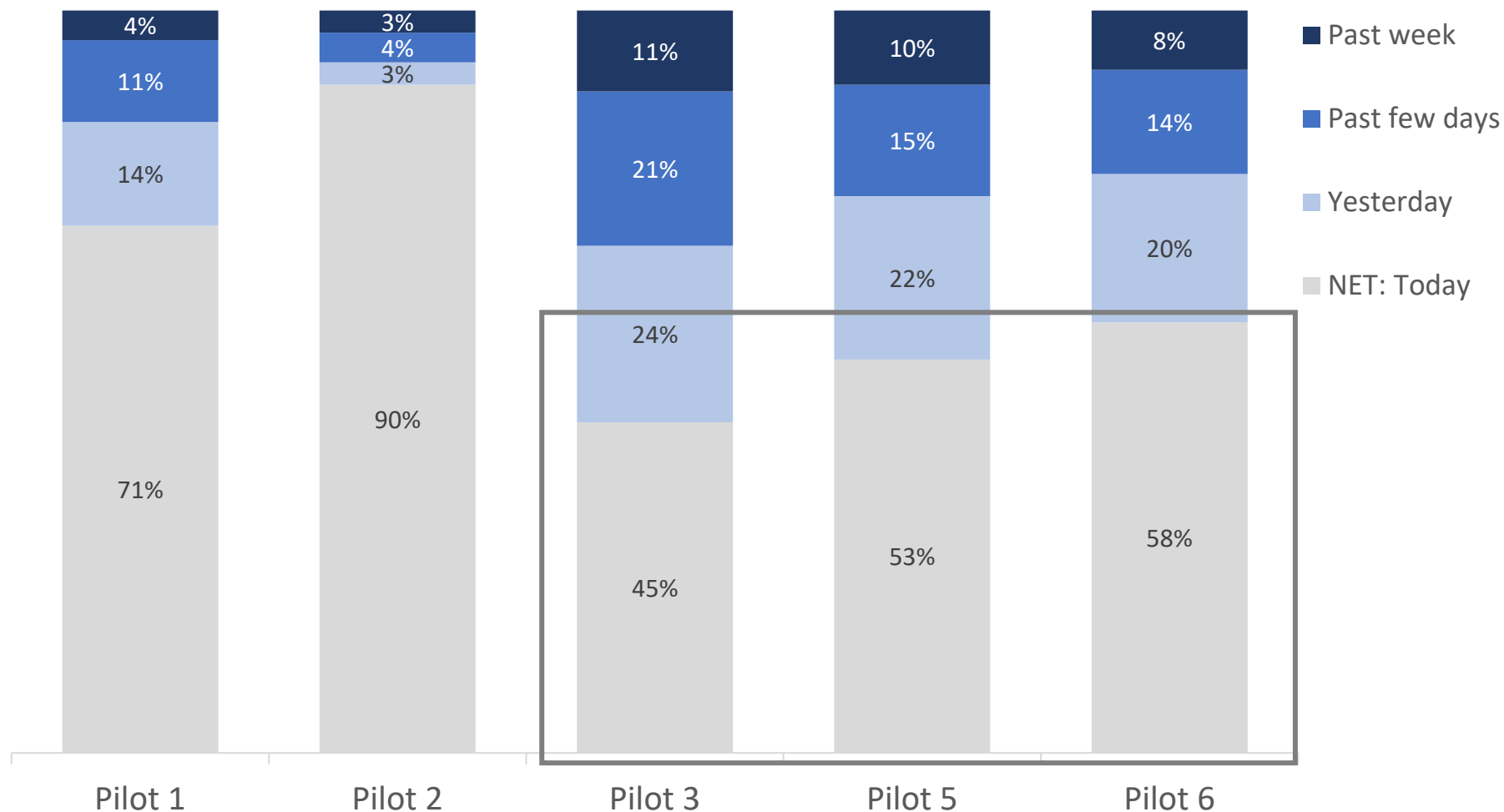


Why do you feel this level of satisfaction?

	Very / fairly satisfied	Neither	Very / fairly dissatisfied
Positive	84%	55%	35%
Neutral	4%	7%	2%
Negative	35%	68%	89%
Average number of sentiment themes	1.2	1.3	1.3

Given the methodology pilots 1 and 2 pick up the most recent journeys, that said the online pilots are also able to deliver feedback on more recent journey experiences

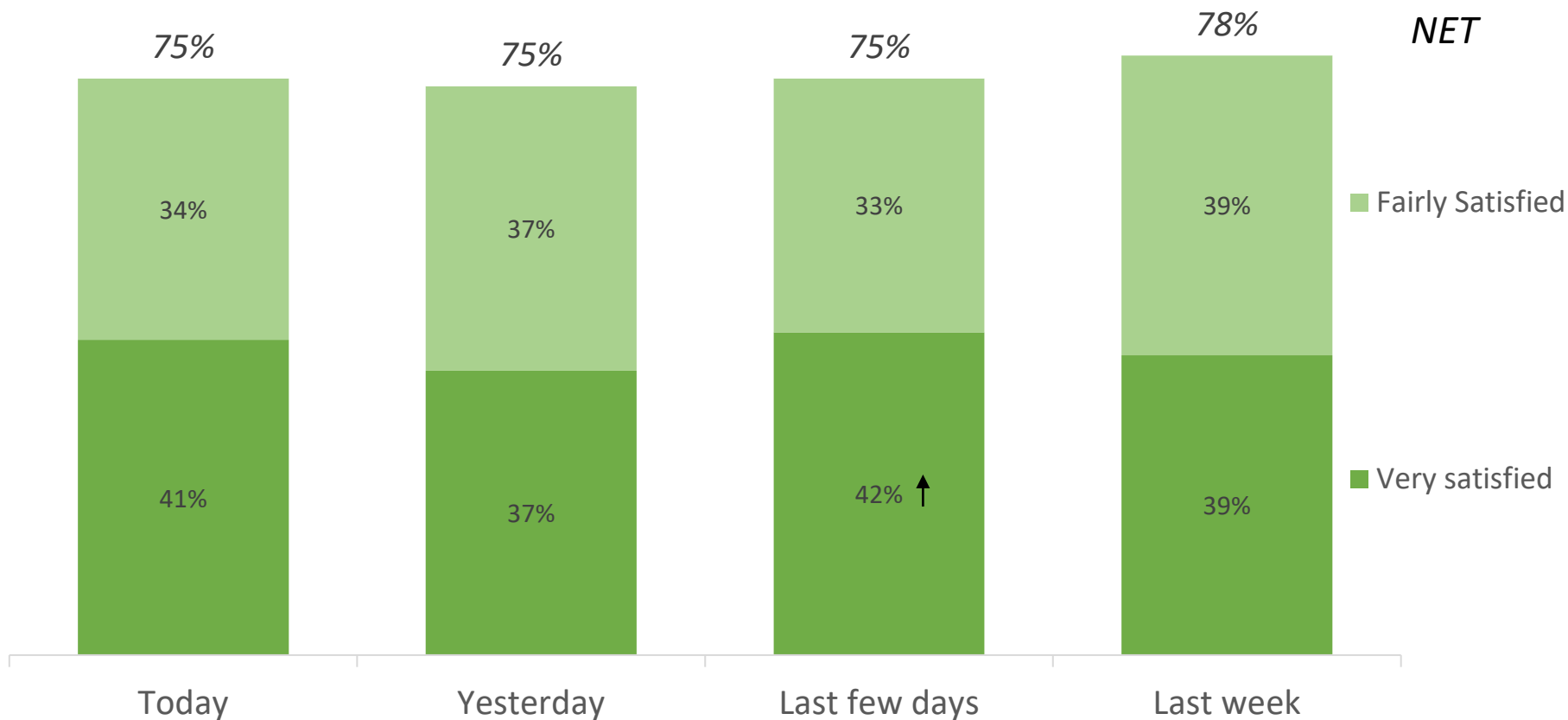
Journeys in the last week



Journey satisfaction is fairly consistent whether a journey is experienced today or in the last week

Journey Satisfaction (top 2 box) by recency of journey: all pilots combined

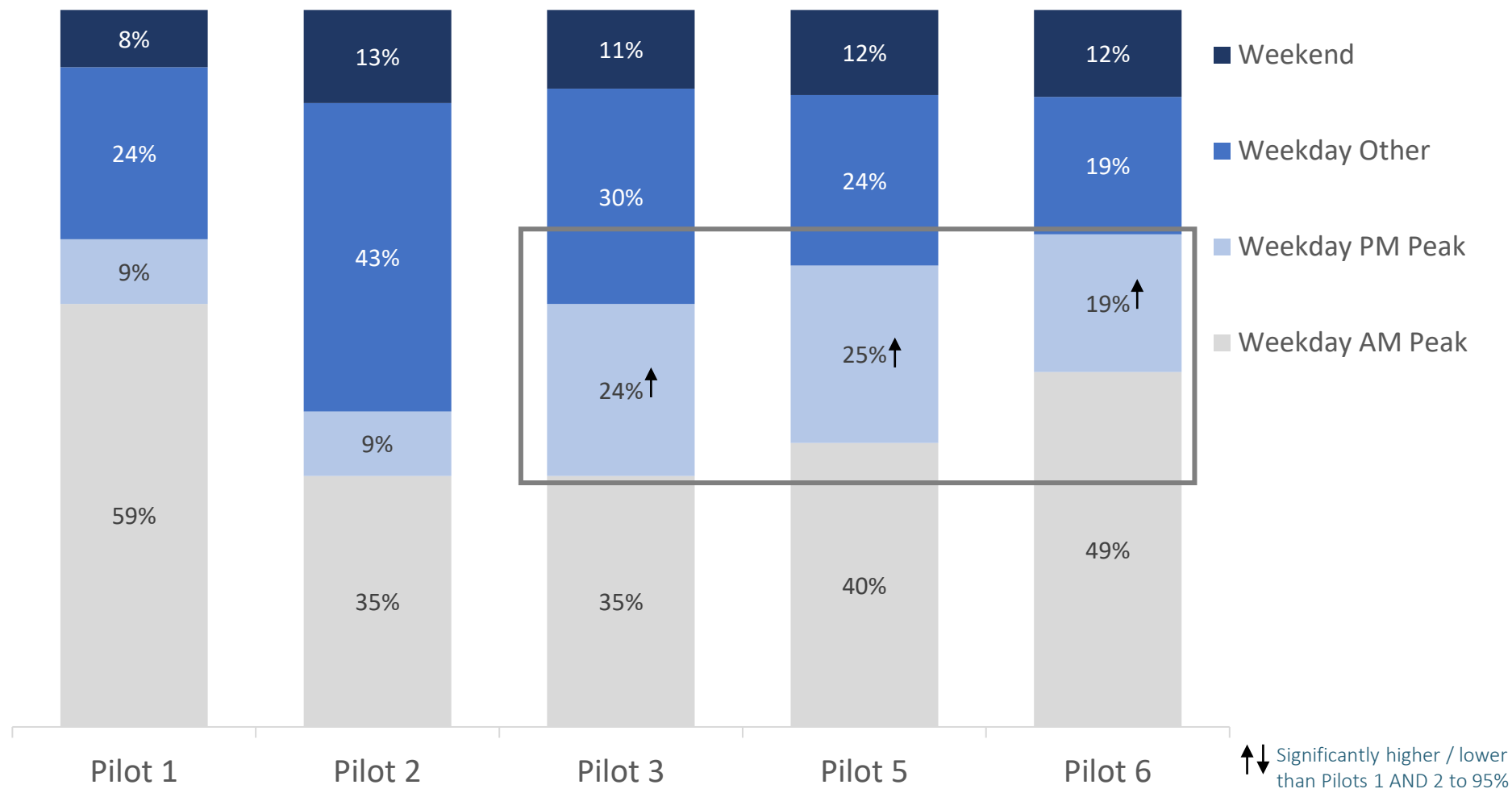
Similar pattern across all the pilots



↑ Significantly higher than Yesterday to 95%

Online pilots provide a robust read on peak journeys and captures more of the negative weekday PM peak trips

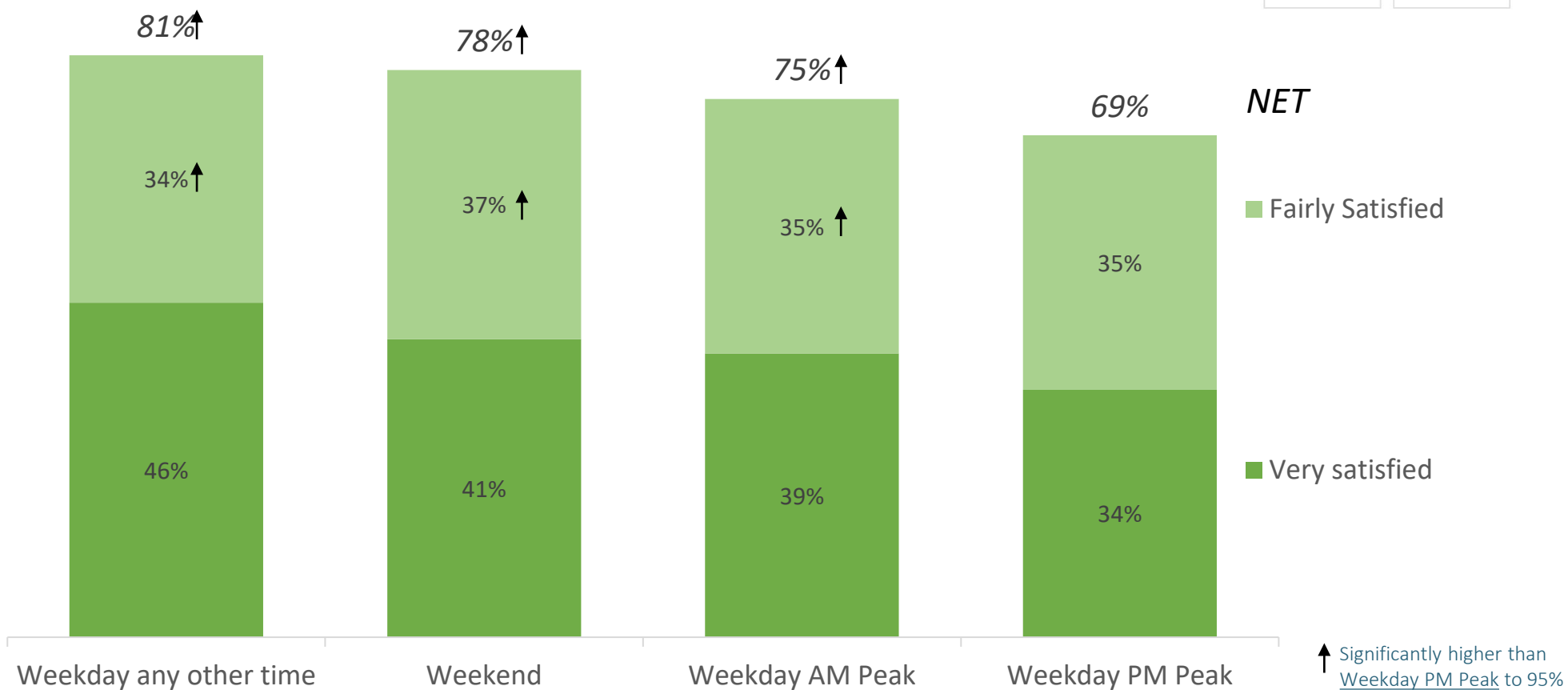
Time of journey



We know that journeys happening outside of peak weekday PM hours tend to be more positive

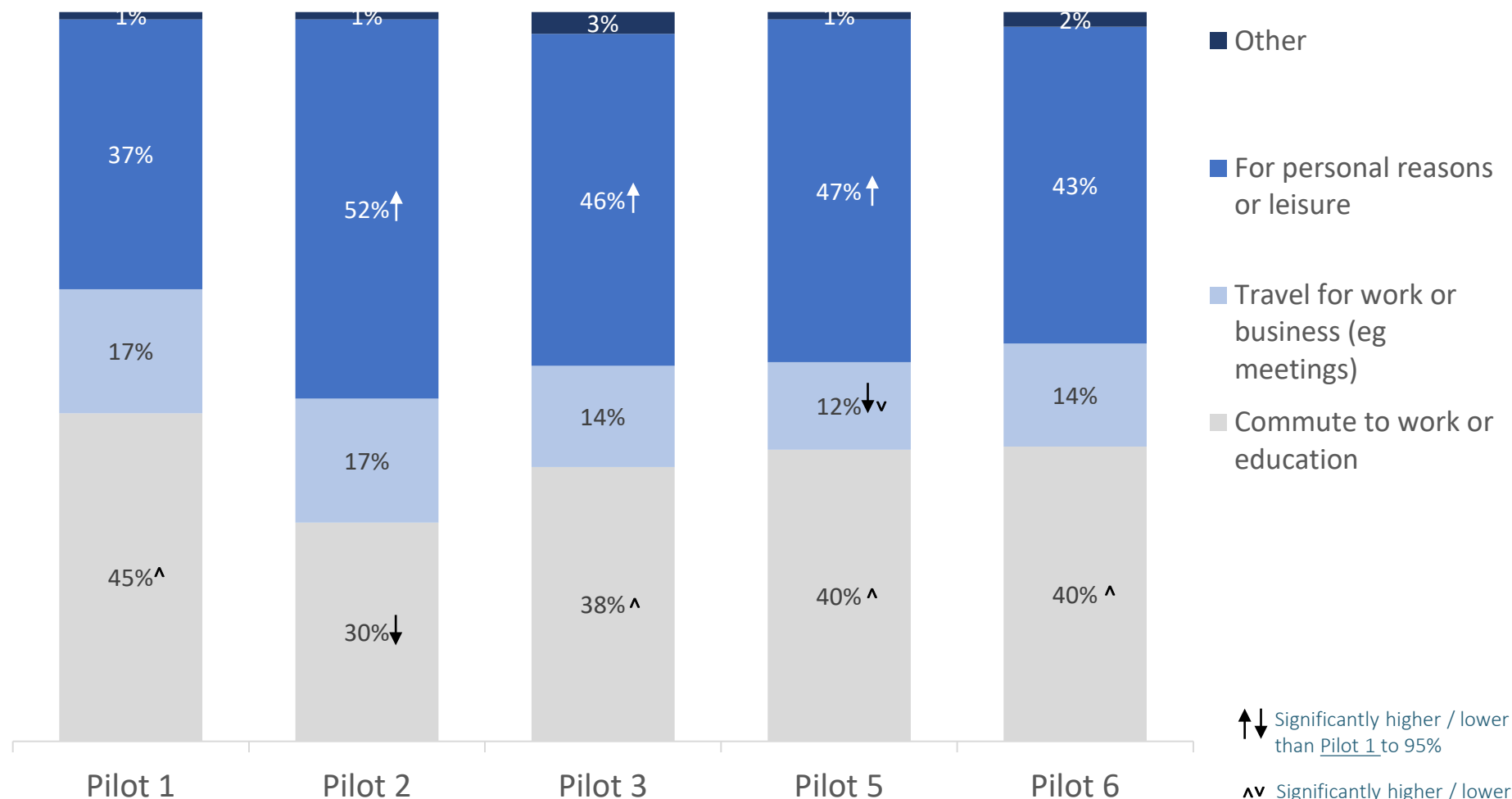
Journey Satisfaction (top 2 box) by time travelled: all pilots combined

Similar pattern across all the pilots



Across all pilots we achieved a mix of travel scenarios, though pilot 1 was better at reaching commuters which makes sense given the recruitment time periods*

Purpose of travel for journey taken

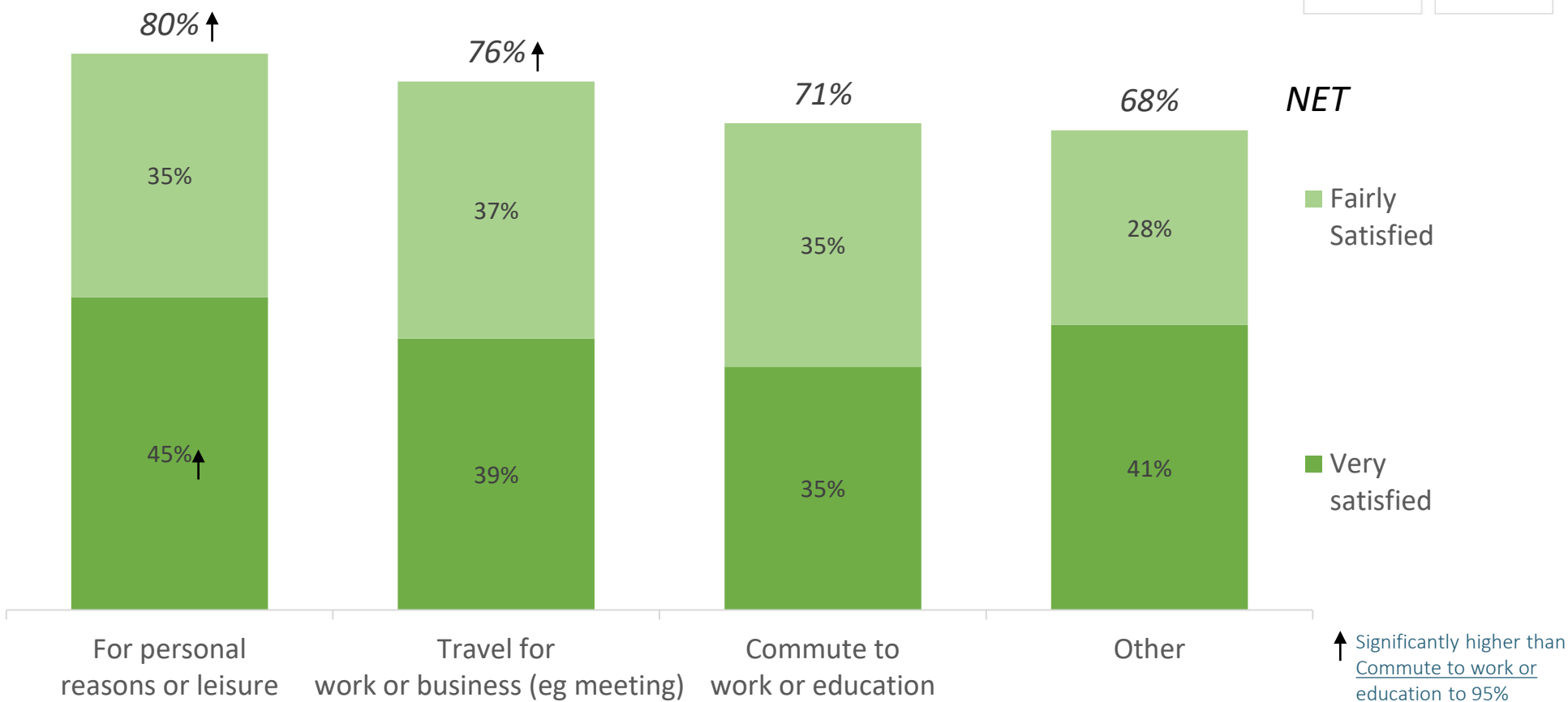


*majority weekday, shifts 8am-2pm and 2pm to 8pm

Personal travel is more satisfying experience versus commuting for work or education

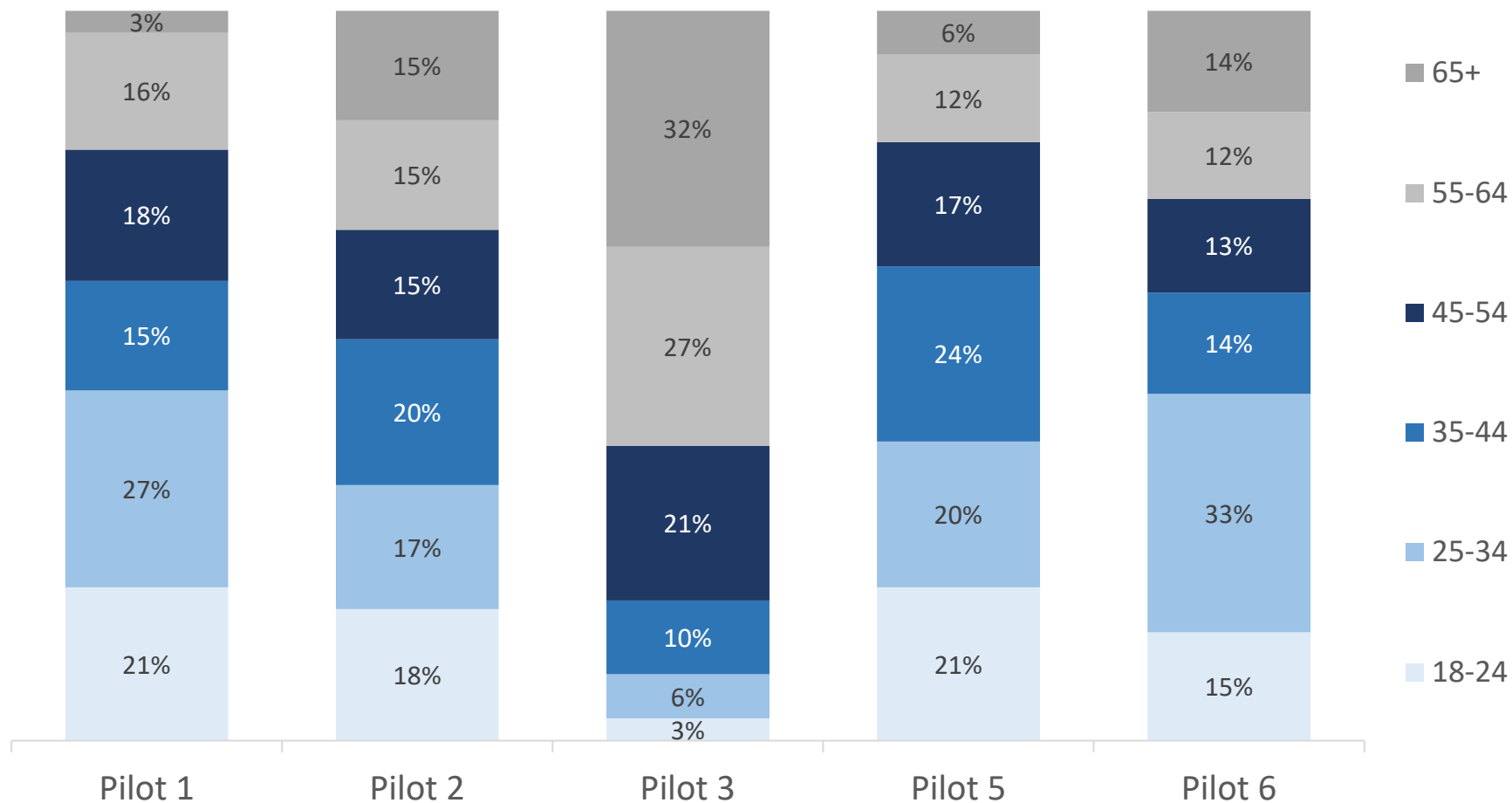
Journey Satisfaction (top 2 box) by type of traveller: all pilots combined

Similar pattern across all the pilots



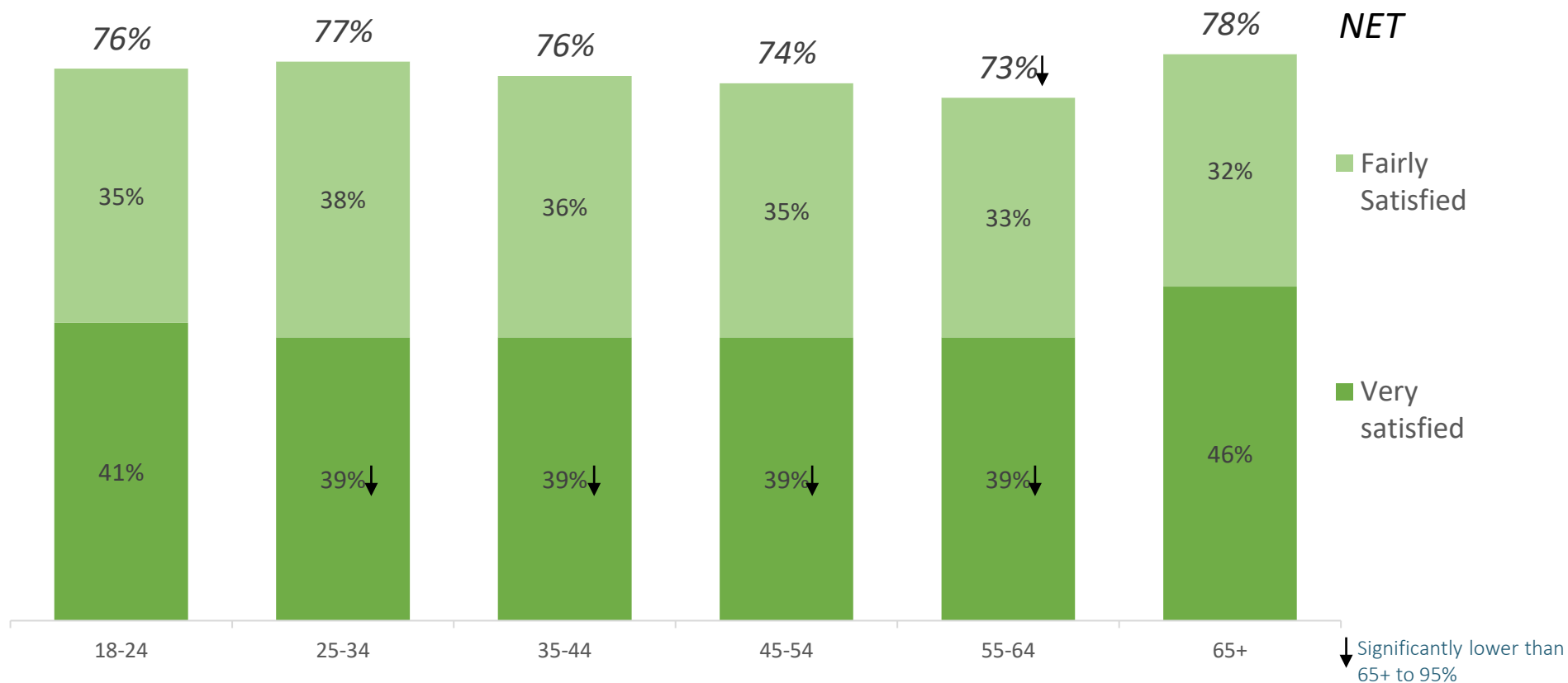
Online surveys give us access to younger travellers, while qualifying* NRPS recontacts are older

Age of traveller *who travelled in the last week



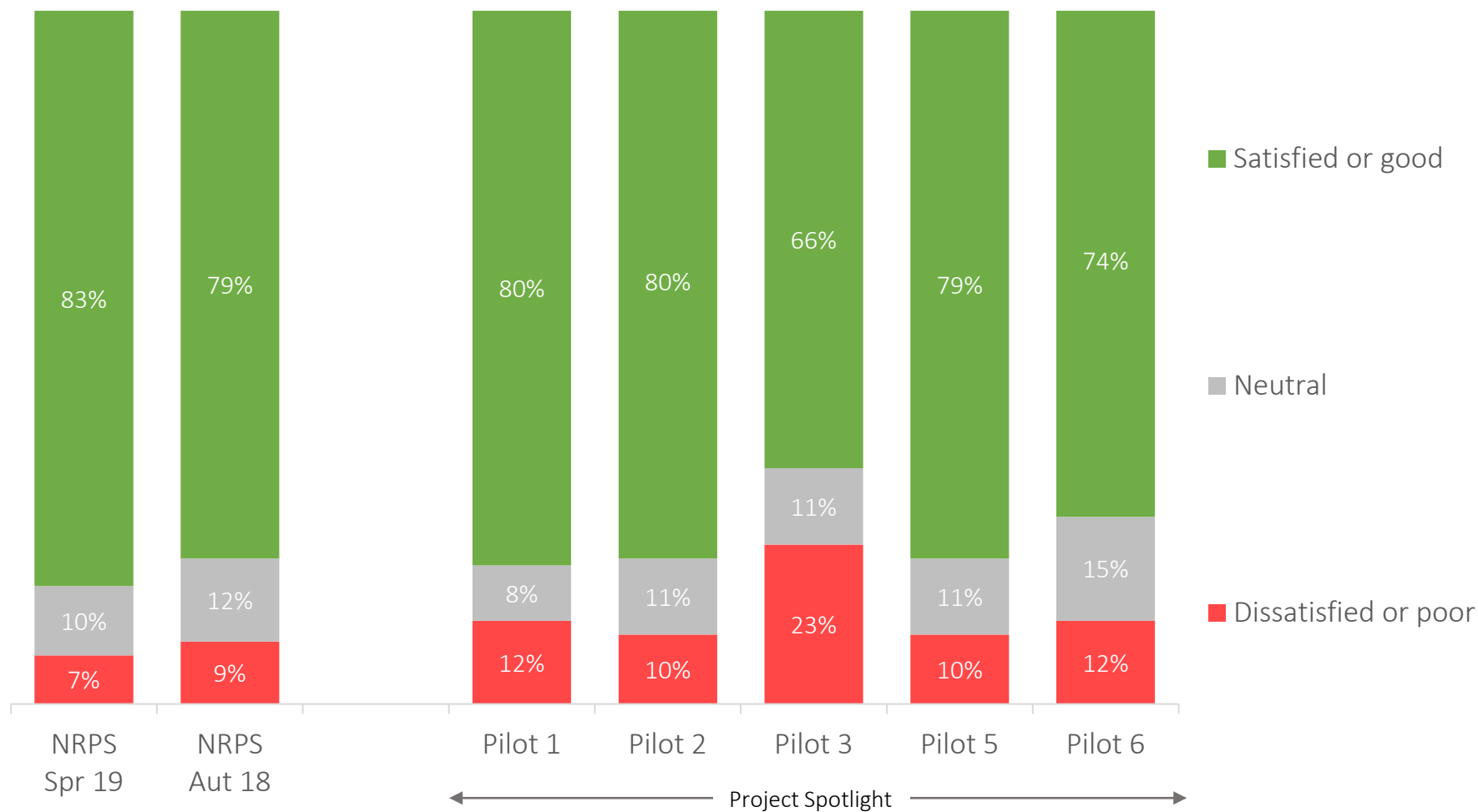
Travelers aged 55-64 tend to have lower journey satisfaction

Journey Satisfaction (top 2 box) by age: all pilots combined



Overall satisfaction for NRPS for Autumn 2018 aren't too dissimilar to pilots 5, 1 and 2

Comparisons to NRPS data

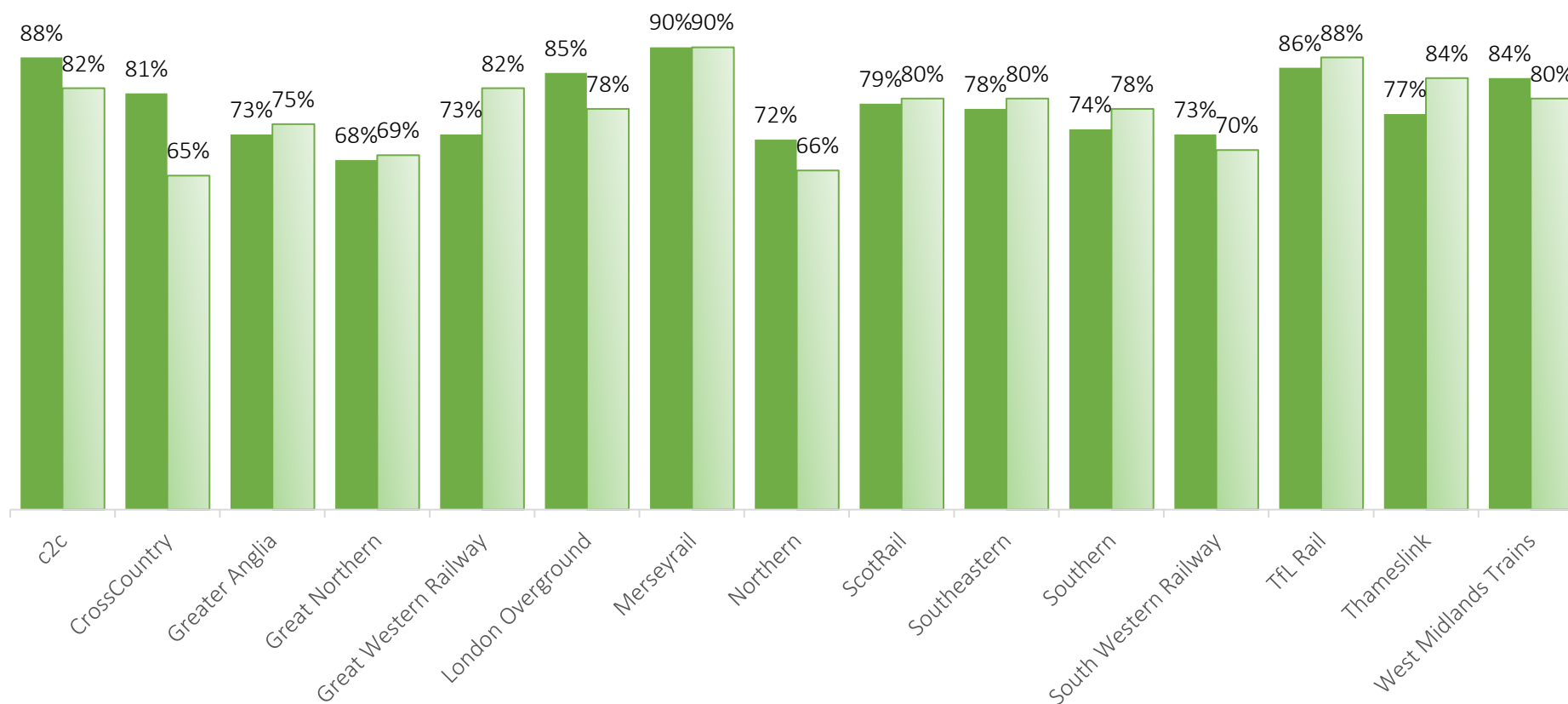


At a TOC level overall satisfaction also follows a similar pattern with some differences in actual score

Journey Satisfaction (top 2 box) by TOC: all pilots combined



■ NRPS - Autumn 2018 ■ Spotlight

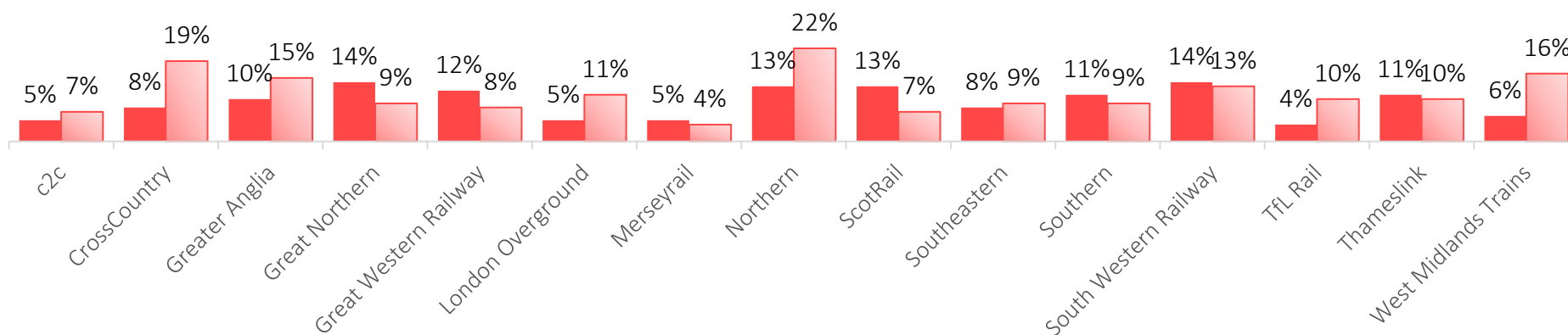


Dissatisfaction by TOC is also quite comparable across NRPS and Spotlight for most TOCs, though some see more differentiation

Journey Satisfaction (bottom 2 box) by TOC: all pilots combined



■ NRPS - Autumn 2018 ■ Project Spotlight



Summary: pilot performance overview

	PILOT 1 Face to face in station	PILOT 2 Face to face on train	PILOT 3 NRPS re-contact	PILOT 5 Omnibus sample	PILOT 6 Ad hoc online panellists
	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES
Strengths	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Collected most commuter journeys ✓ Most journeys are daily ✓ Good spread of age ✓ Overall satisfaction is similar to NRPS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Most journeys are daily ✓ Good spread of age ✓ Overall satisfaction is similar to NRPS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ High email conversion rate, low week on week attrition ✓ Good mix of daily journeys ✓ Good spread of age and recent travel ✓ Collect more Weekday PM peak journeys ✓ Cheaper sample 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ High email conversion rate, low week on week attrition ✓ Most journeys are daily ✓ Good spread of age and recent travel ✓ Collect more Weekday PM peak journeys ✓ Overall satisfaction is similar to NRPS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ High email conversion rate, low week on week attrition ✓ Most journeys are daily ✓ Good spread of age and recent travel ✓ Collect more Weekday PM peak journeys ✓ Overall satisfaction is similar to NRPS
Weaknesses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✗ Low diary participation ✗ Very high attrition between recruitment and the diary stage ✗ Costly sample collection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✗ More leisure trips ✗ Low diary participation ✗ Very high attrition between recruitment and the diary stage ✗ Costly sample collection ✗ Careful route planning so not to skew TOCs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✗ Considerably older sample ✗ More negative about their journeys rail journeys 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✗ Not an infinite supply of sample 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✗ Not an infinite supply of sample ✗ Smaller sample so need to target specific TOCs

Optimising the current design

Optimising the questionnaire – recruitment specific questions

12 questions - 2 recruitment / 10 diary questions
 Average interview length 2minutes
 Mobile/tablet rendered 60%

transportfocus

15%

Hello. Thank you for agreeing to take our survey.

We follow the Market Research Society Code of Conduct, which means you will not be personally identified in the reporting unless you have given explicit permission for us to do so.

Full details of why we collect data and how it is used can be found in our [Privacy Statement](#).

Please click ">>" to continue.

<< >>

transportfocus

22%

Are you....?

Please select one only

Male

Female

Other (Please specify)

Prefer not to say

<< >>

transportfocus

29%

Please enter your age in the box below.

47

<< >>

Are there other demographics at the recruitment stage to capture?

- Postcode
- Working status
- Kids in household
- Travel behaviour

Optimising the questionnaire – journey details

36%

When did you last travel by rail (excluding London Underground, DLR, or light railway services)?

Please select one only

Today – this morning

Today – this afternoon

Today – this evening

Yesterday

In the past few days

In the past week

In the past month

In the past few months

Screen out if travel more than 1 week ago

43%

Which rail station did you travel from for this journey?

Please start typing in the station and select from the dropdown list. If your station is not on the list please type in 'Other'.

Lon

Camelon

Charing Cross (London)

Liverpool Street (London)

London Bridge

Done

“Lon” London Long

q w e r t y u i o p

a s d f g h j k l

z x c v b n m

123 space Go

Departing station - text look up

43%

Please select the date for this journey using the calendar below.

December 2019

Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su

						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					

Can't remember

Only allow past 7 days to show on calendar

64%

Which rail station did you travel to?

Please start typing in the station and select from the dropdown list. If your station is not on the list please type in 'Other'.

<< >>

Destination station - text look up

Optimising the questionnaire – journey details

transportfocus

78%

Which of these train companies did you use for this journey? (If more than one, which did you spend most time on?)

Please select one only

c2c	CrossCountry
greateranglia	Great Northern

transportfocus

64%

When did your rail journey start?

Please select one only

Weekday - AM peak (between 07:00 and 10:00)
 Weekday - PM peak (between 16:00 and 19:00)
 Weekday - any other time
 Weekend

<< >>

transportfocus

43%

What was the main purpose of this journey?

Please select one only

Commute to work or education
 Commute for work or business e.g. travelling to business meetings
 For personal business or leisure
 Other (Please specify)

<< >>

Other journey details to capture:

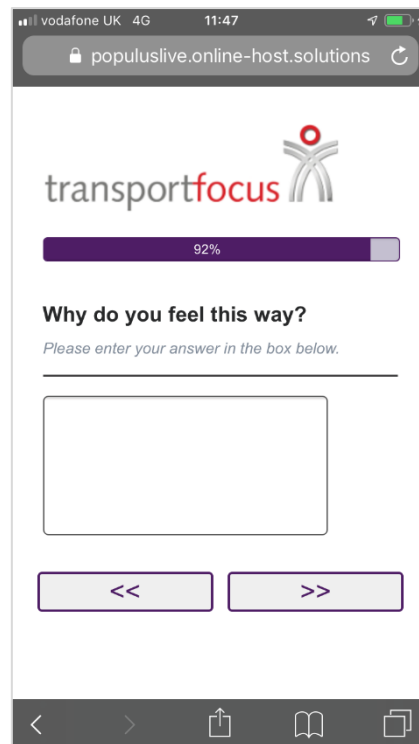
- Length of journey
- Fare type
- Delays
- Tactical questions

15 TOCs – show full 20 TOCs?

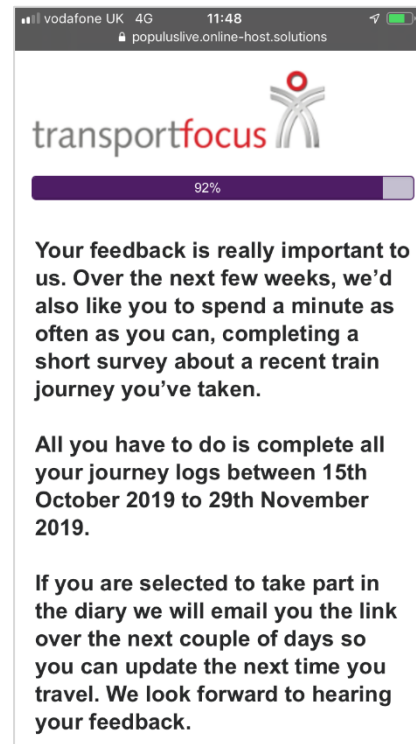
Optimising the questionnaire – journey experience



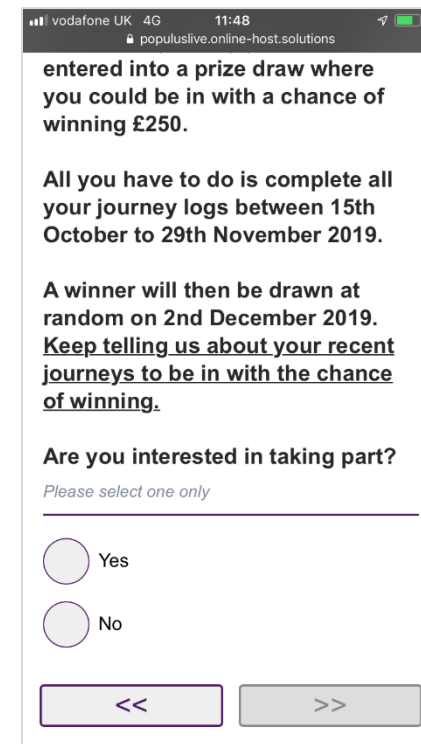
Scrollable emoji faces – use different images / emotions?



Does the context of the question provide the required response



Final screen at recruitment for non panel sample – prize draw of £250 for participation



Text analytics AI – overview of approach

Two separate AI models developed from the open text question – Context and Sentiment

1. Human coders code the first 500 verbatim comments and define the code frame
 - Context – 15 codes
 - Sentiment – Positive / negative / neutral

Coded verbatims used to teach the AI how to code up topics and sentiment

2. AI predicts on next 1000 verbatim – this is checked by humans to validate
3. Iterative process to Improve the AI on the total 1500 coded verbatim
4. Full coding begins on remaining raw verbatims
5. Ongoing refinement

Text analytics AI – summary of performance

Two separate AI models developed from the open text question – Context and Sentiment

Context – 15 codes

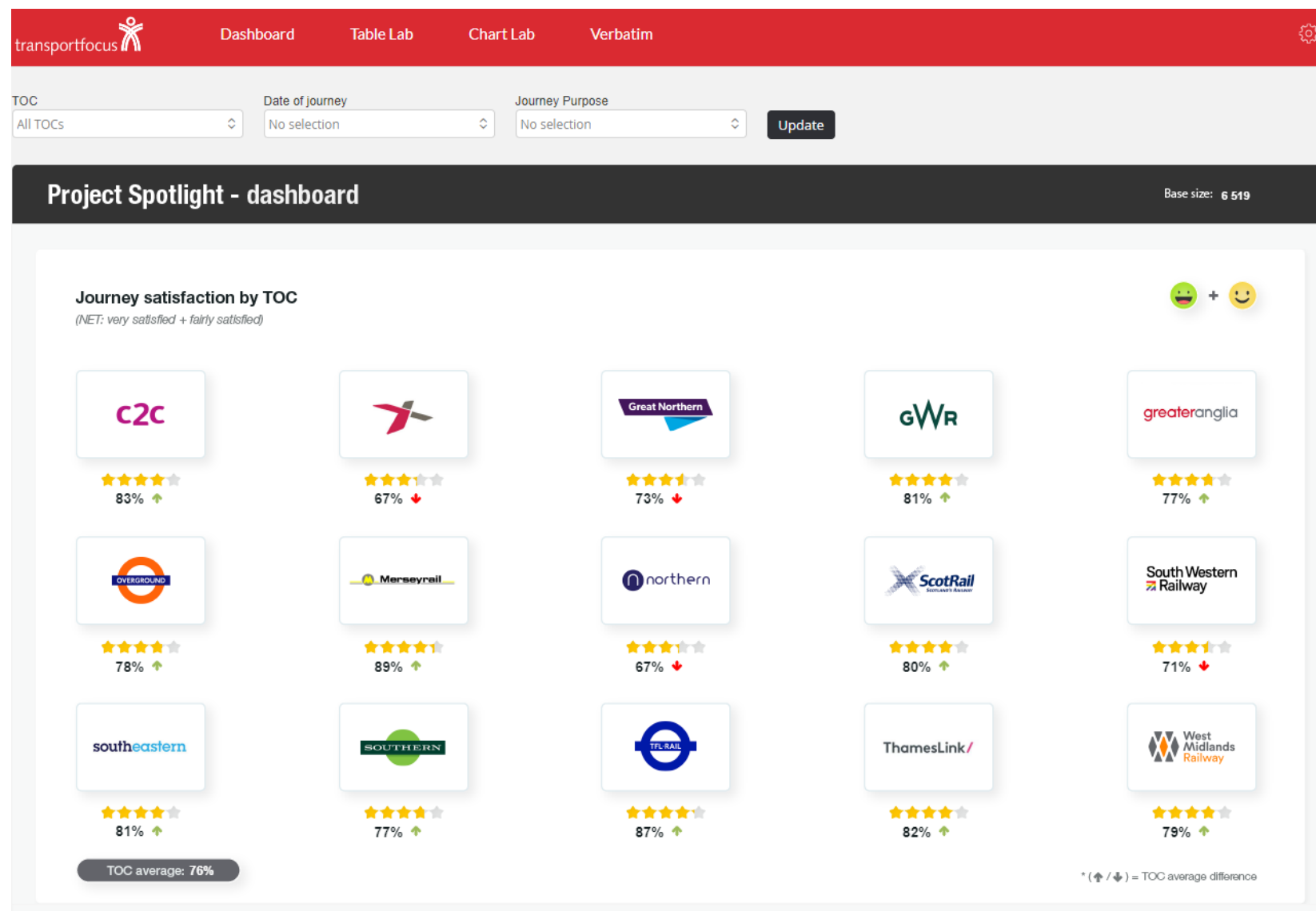
	Precision	Recall	Accuracy	Samples
Punctuality	98.6%	93.5%	96.5%	682
Staff	81.7%	77.3%	98.0%	75
Cost	93.9%	82.8%	98.6%	93
Cleanliness	98.9%	93.0%	99.0%	186
Capacity/crowding	94.9%	81.7%	93.4%	437
Convenience/ease	86.2%	82.0%	98.7%	61
Speed/efficiency	64.3%	72.9%	84.2%	351
Pleasant/comfortable journey	82.4%	65.9%	88.2%	369
Cancellations	88.6%	100.0%	99.7%	39
Facilities	100.0%	90.5%	99.9%	21
Refreshments	100.0%	78.9%	99.7%	19
Quality of trains/ age of rolling stock	64.2%	73.9%	97.9%	46
Noise levels	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	27
Other	45.2%	49.0%	82.3%	241
Weighted average	84.7%	79.5%	92.4%	2647

- **Precision:** defined as the number of correct predictions out of all predictions made. Essentially this means: **How much of what the model says is correct.**
- **Recall:** defined as the number of actual labels retrieved by the model out of all actual labels. Essentially this means: **How much actual labels are captured.**

Sentiment

	Precision	Recall	Accuracy	Samples
Positive	82%	94%	83%	917
Neutral	76%	68%	96%	100
Negative	83%	84%	84%	654
Weighted average	82%	88%	84%	1671

Optimising the portal



Optimising the portal

TOC detail - All TOCs

Base size: 6 519

Why satisfied



Why dissatisfied



Pleasant journey

Every train comes on time. Everything is clean

It was mostly comfortable with chargers and sometimes wifi

Pleasant/comfortable journey

Punctuality, Cleanliness

Pleasant/comfortable journey, Facilities



Delayed by 3 hours

Late everyday no sezys

It was delayed

Tain do run lot train not birminfham to viemingham

Punctuality

Punctuality

Punctuality

Convenience/ Ease

Journey satisfaction



38%



38%



12%



7%



5%

Journey satisfaction by daypart



Weekday AM peak

76%

Weekday non peak

80%

Weekday PM peak

70%

Weekend

78%

Summary: optimising the current design

- The **micro survey** worked well and was kept short at 2 minutes – can this be further shortened? Or have tactical questions that are asked every nth person
- Further testing on **emoji's + context question** needed – what is the best way to ask/represent journey experience in survey?
- Using **Artificial Intelligence** to code high volumes of raw open responses is feasible to a high level of accuracy – the AI model will need ongoing training to improve accuracy
- The purpose and scope of the **portal** needs further thought – would tracking data be useful and how much data should be shared?
 - How frequently should the data be uploaded – daily?