

Methodology and key subjects covered



Methodology

- Online survey targeting a nationally representative panel base and achieving 7,546 completes.
- Fieldwork ran from end March to early April 2019.
- To qualify, respondents had to be living in England (outside London).
- This report analyse the usage and priority of 3 distinct groups:

Bus users (n=5,000) use bus at least once every 3 months and being at least 20 years old (close to national representativeness by age)

Non users (n=1,700) use bus less than once every 3 months includes circa 100 youth non users (proportionally weighted by age) Youth users (n=846) 14 to 19 years old who use bus at least once every 3 months (close to national representativeness by age)



Topics covered

- Priorities for improvement
- Attitudes to buses and general satisfaction with aspects of travelling by bus
- Opportunities to increase usage
- Environmental view of buses





Key findings: bus users

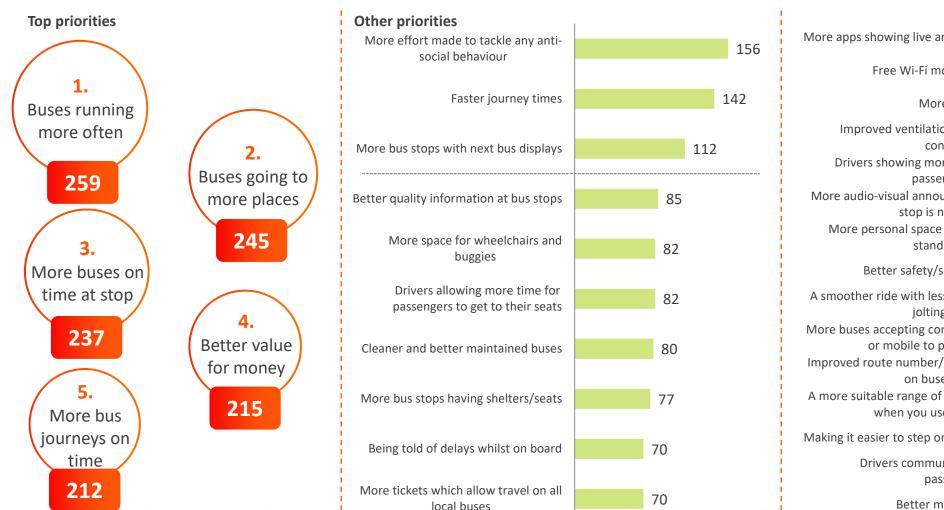
- The top three priorities centre on the bus network: 'running more often'; 'going to more places'; and 'more on time at stop'. Value for money was fourth followed by 'more journeys on time' fifth.
- The priorities for improvement are fairly consistent by age group except for those age 35 to 64 where 'value for money' comes through more strongly.
- Improvements associated with 'the bus itself' are second to 'the bus network' related improvements.
- Their attitude towards bus is generally positive; less than half agreed with the statement "I only use buses if I have to".
- Around three fifths of users can access a car frequently and make regular journeys using the car. Around 3 in 10 of these users said 'all or most' of their car journeys could be made by bus. However this group attitudinally were also a little more averse to buses.
- Around half of users felt buses could play a reasonable role in reducing air pollution.

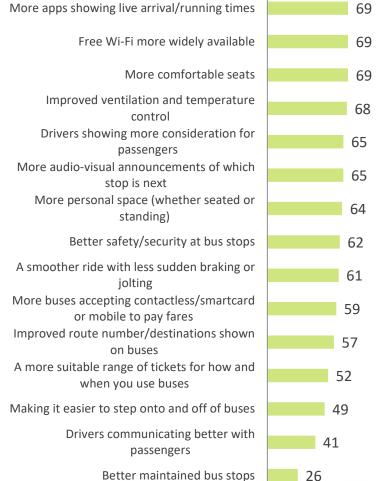


The top priorities for improvements are buses running more often, going more places and being on time

Priorities for improvement: users

Although the cost of taking the bus is one of the strongest pain points, it is only the 4th priority

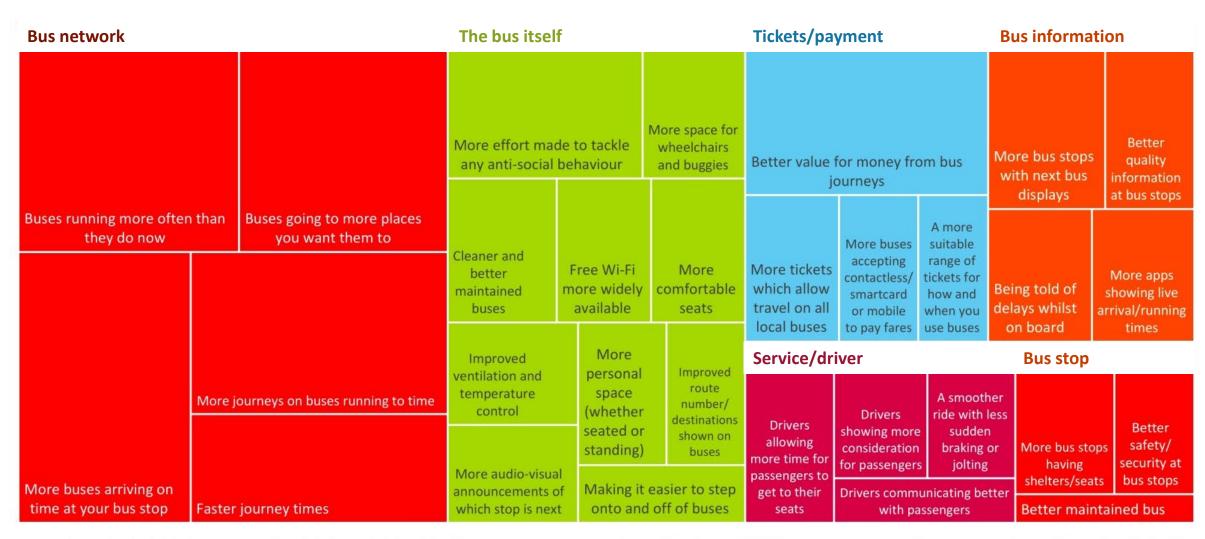




Q14. Please tick the improvement you think most people would want to see made and the one believe they would think is least important Base: All bus users (20+): 5,000



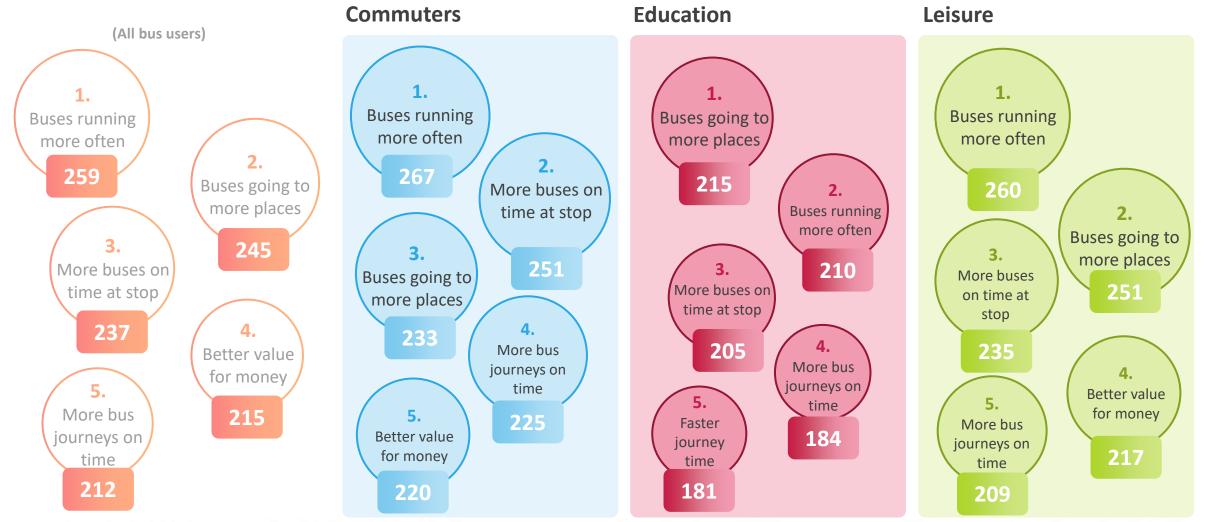
Things about improving the bus network is by far the top priority for bus users



Q14. Please tick the improvement you think most people would want to see made and the one believe they would think is least important Base: All bus users (20+): 5,000



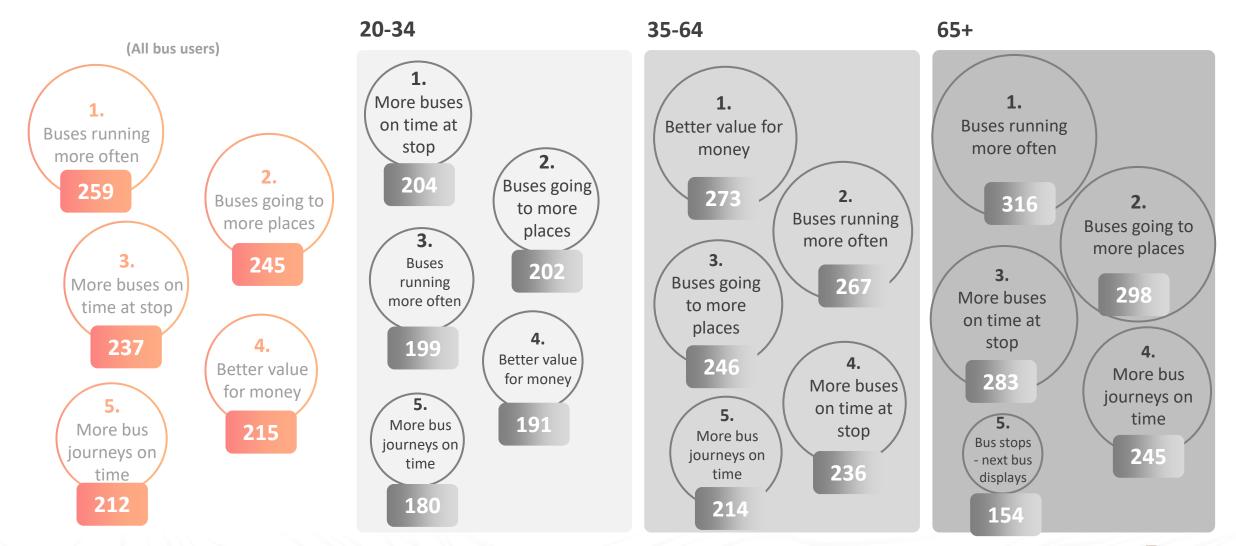
Although for Education passengers – faster journey time makes the top 5



Q14. Please tick the improvement you think most people would want to see made and the one believe they would think is least important Base: All bus users (20+): 5,000 / Commuters: 1,178 / Education: 247 / Leisure: 3,575



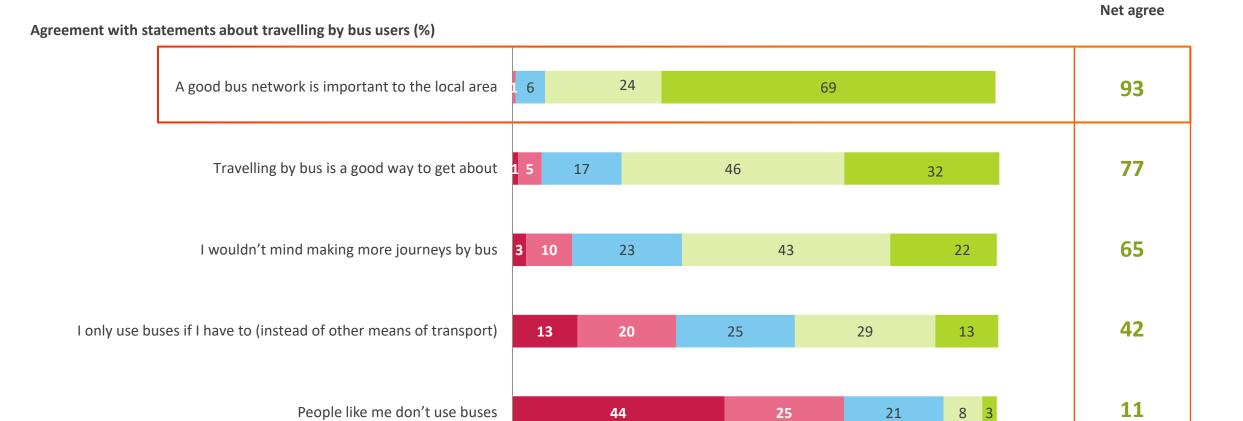
Priorities for 20-34 year olds are very closely aligned, but for 65+ their priorities that stand clearly apart around: buses running more often, going to more places and being more punctual.



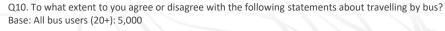


Attitude to buses - users

A good bus network being important to the local area is an almost universal view



■ Strongly disagree ■ Somewhat disagree ■ Neither agree nor disagree ■ Somewhat agree ■ Strongly agree

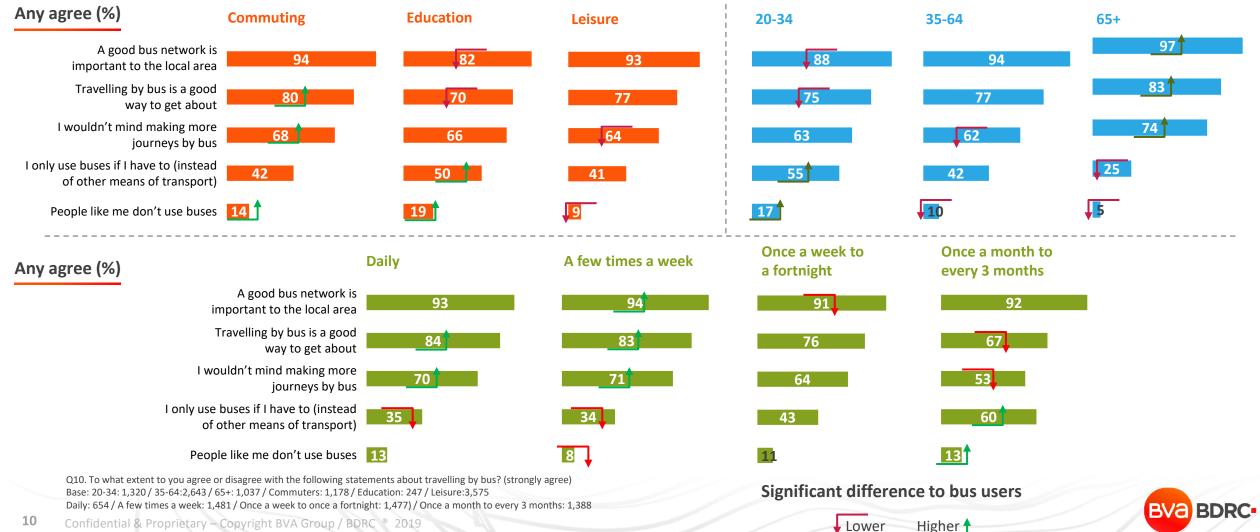




Heavier bus users more likely to feel bus is a good

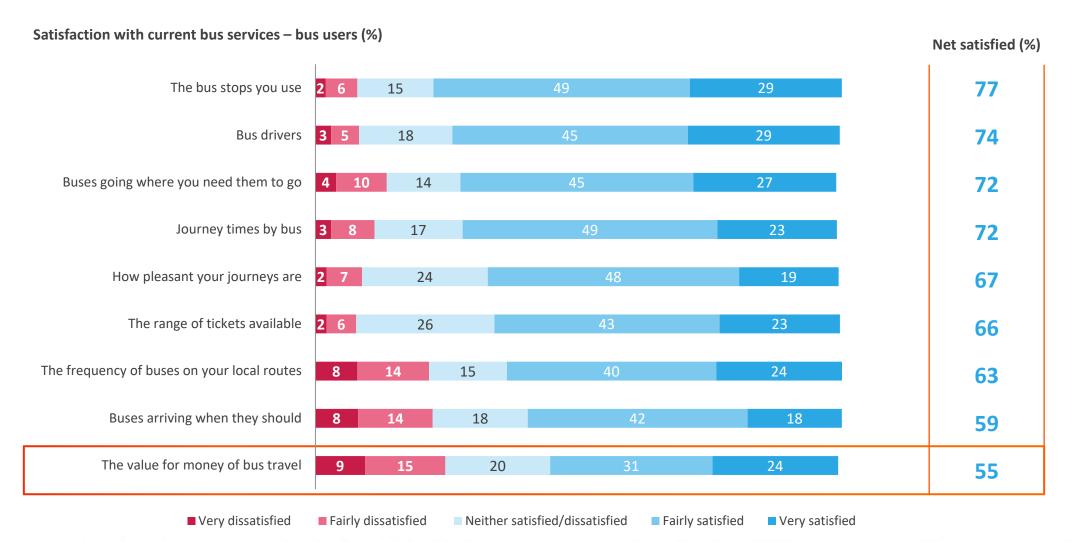
Attitude to buses - users

way to get about. Younger and less frequent bus users are more likely to say "use the bus only if I have to"



Satisfaction - users

Value for money is the strongest pain point



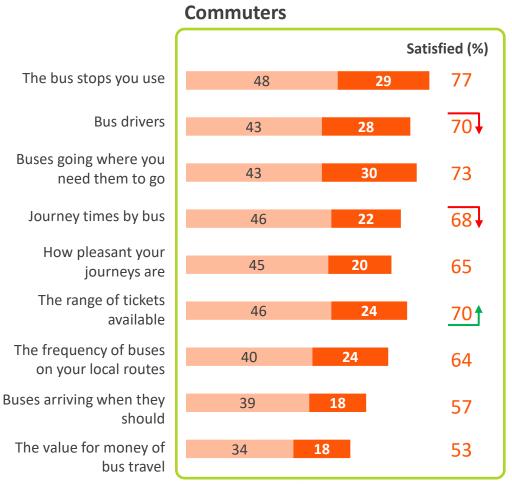


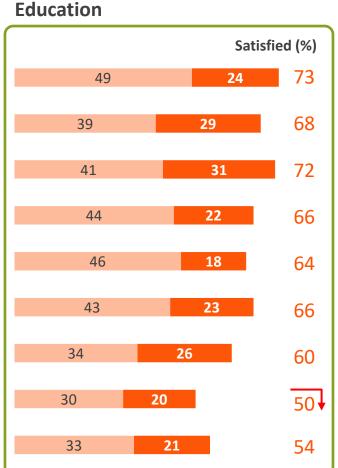


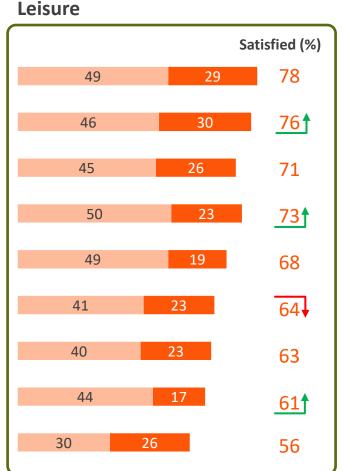
A clear divide between commuters and leisure users

Satisfaction - users

Journey time and bus drivers are the best performers for satisfaction amongst leisure users, but (taking the bus less often) are less satisfied with the range of tickets available. Commuter results contrast this: value for money is the biggest pain point

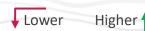






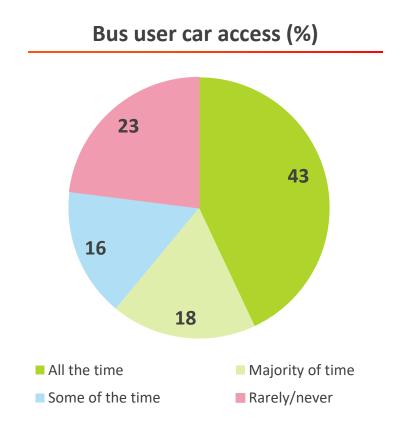
Q23. Rating the bus services you use, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the following? Base: Commuters: 1,073 / Education: 216 / Leisure: 2,921

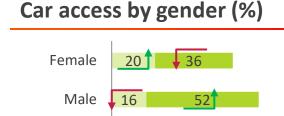
Significant difference to bus users





Older, male and leisure users are more likely to have a car available all the time





65+



Car access by disability (%)



Car access y passenger type (%)



Q27. How often is a car/motorbike available to you?

Base: All respondents 20+ years old: 5,000 / Male: 2,390 / Female: 2,610 / 20-34: 1,320 / 35-64:2,643 / 65+: 1,037

Disability: 1,662 / No Disability: 1,949 / Commuters: 1,178 / Education: 247 / Leisure: 3,575

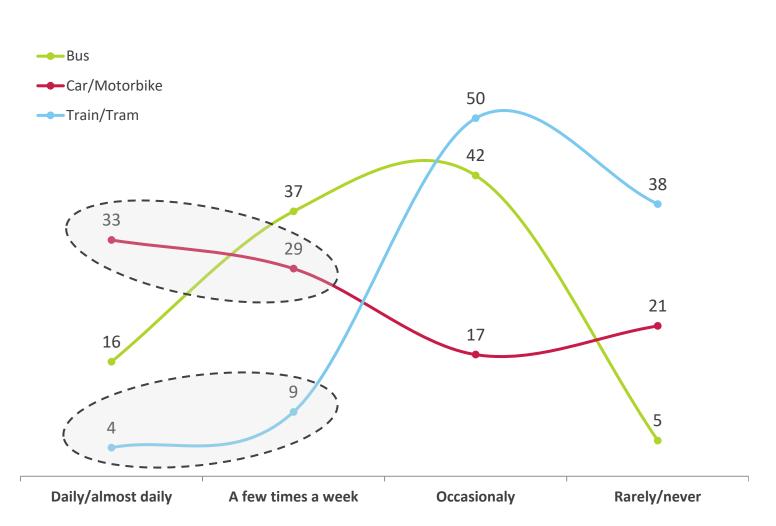






Bus users make train journeys infrequently, but almost two thirds travel by car at least a few times per week

Opportunities to increase usage - users



62%

of bus users make journeys by car/motorbike journeys

at least a few times per week

13%

of bus users make journeys by train/tram journeys

at least a few times per week

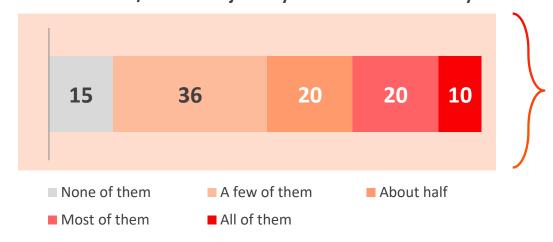
Q7. In a typical week how frequently do you use the following modes of transport? Base: All bus users (20+): 5,000



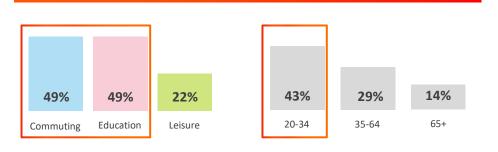
Of those 62% of users who also made car journeys often one third feel most/all could be made by bus

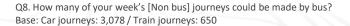
In other words, around a 5th of car journeys could well be made by bus Higher among commuters and younger users

% that make car/motorbike journeys that could be made by bus



At least most of them

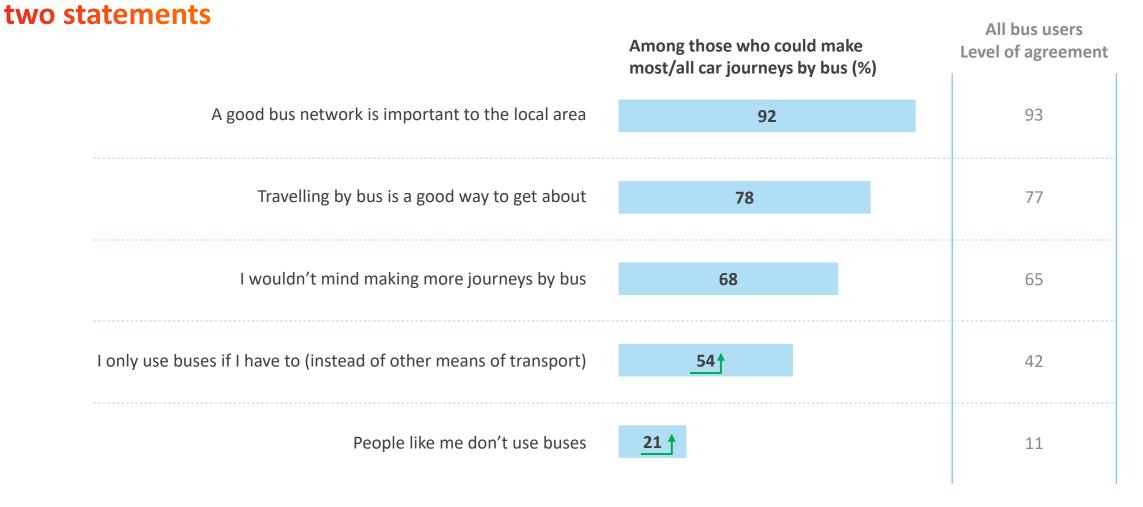






Of those users who can make their car journeys by bus (the 1/3 of the 62%); they differ in attitude on the last

Opportunities to increase usage - users



Significant difference to bus users

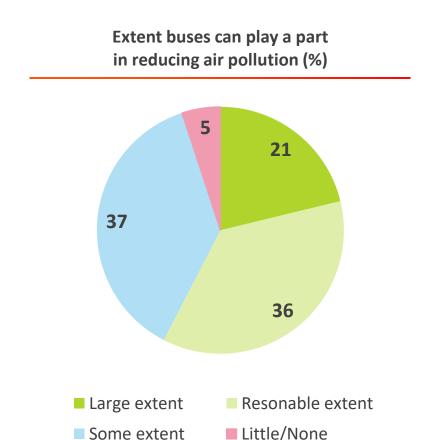


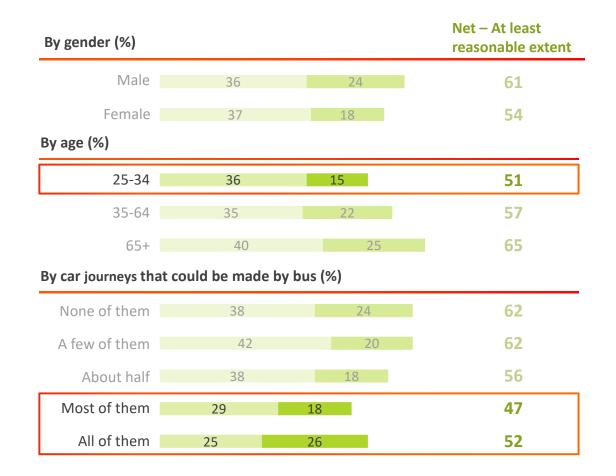




Half believe buses could play a part in reducing air pollution

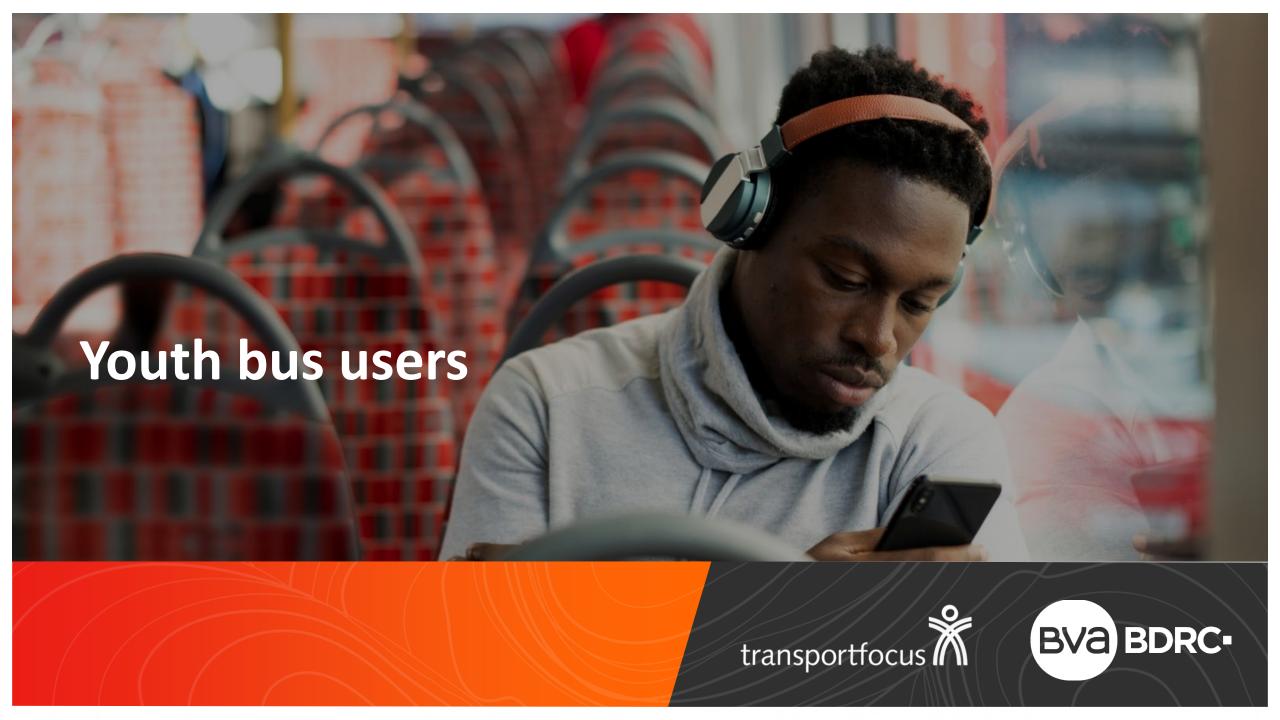
Older and less frequent users identify more with that statement











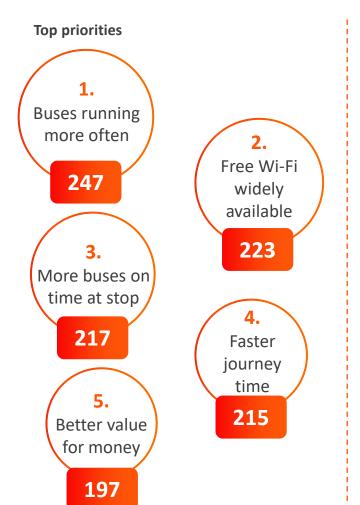
Key findings: youth users

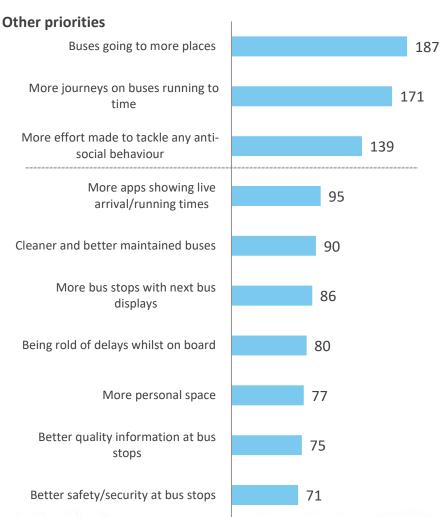
- Three of the top five priorities centre on the bus network: 'running more often'; faster journey times; and 'more on time at stop'. Free Wi-Fi was second priority. Value for money fifth priority.
- Their attitude towards bus is generally positive, but less so on the statement "I only use buses if I have to".
- Three fifths make regular journeys using the car of which around 4 in 10 of these users said 'all or most' could be made by bus.
- Around half of youth users felt buses could play a reasonable role in reducing air pollution.

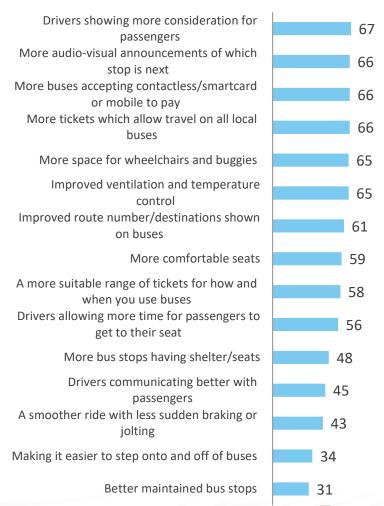


Improving the bus network also the number 1 priority as 20+; but free Wi-Fi is 2nd and value for money just makes the top 5

Priorities for improvement – youth users







Q14. Please tick the improvement you think most people would want to see made and the one believe they would think is least important Base: All youth bus users (14-19): 846



Priorities for improvement – youth users

Attributed associated with improving the bus network highest share of priorities as per 20+

Bus network				The bus itself			Tickets/payment			Bus information	
		Free Wi-Fi more widely		More effort made to tackle any anti-	Better value for money from bus journeys			More apps showing live arrival/running times	More bus stops with next bus displays		
		es arriving on time			social behaviour	More					
they do now	at		at your bus stop	Cleaner and better maintained buses	More audio-visua announcements of which stop is next	ventilation and	tickets which allow travel on all local	More buses accepting contactless/ smartcard or mobile to	range of tickets for how and when you	Being told of delays whilst	Better quality information at
					More space for		Service/o	pay fares use buses driver		on board bus stops Bus stop	
					wheelchairs and buggies	More comfortable seats	Drivers	Drivers allowing more time	better with passengers		More bus stops having shelters/seats
Faster journey times	Buses go more pla want th	ces you	More journeys on buses running to time	More personal space (whether seated or standing)	Improved route number/destinatio shown on buses	ons to step onto and	showing more consideration for passengers	for passengers to get to	A smoother ric with less sudde braking or jolti	en security at	Better maintained bus stops

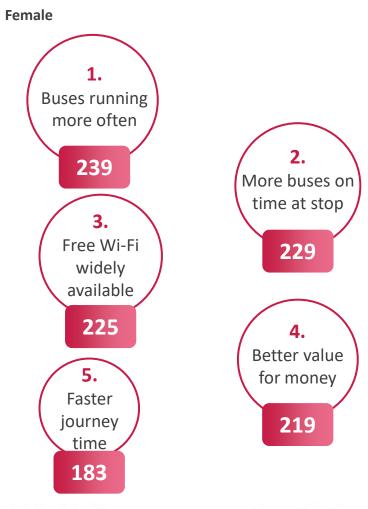
Q14. Please tick the improvement you think most people would want to see made and the one believe they would think is least important Base: All youth bus users (14-19): 846

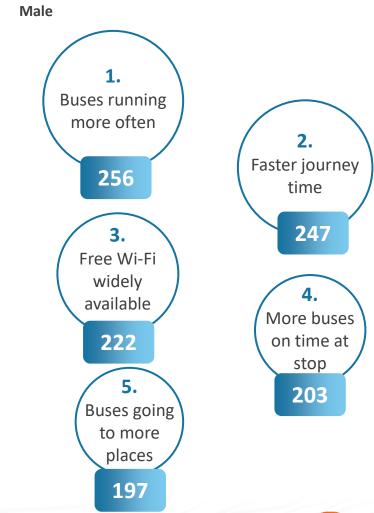


For male and female buses running more often matters most – but then it is punctuality for female and faster journey times for males

Priorities for improvement – youth users



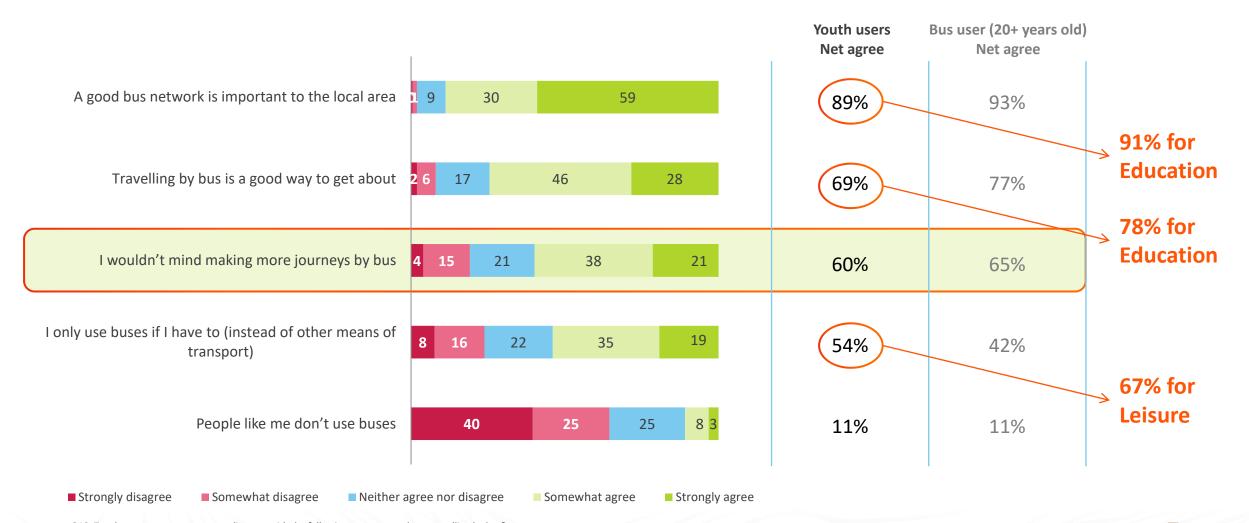




Q14. Please tick the improvement you think most people would want to see made and the one believe they would think is least important Base: All youth bus users (14-19): 846



Attitude to buses – youth users similar to main bus users, but a fraction more negative.

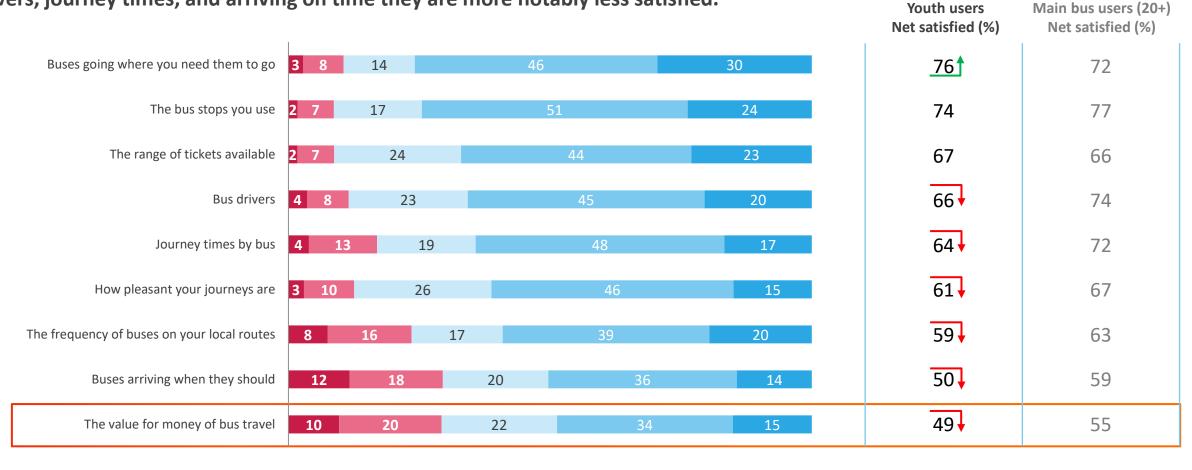




Satisfaction – youth users

Value for money is an even stronger pain point for youth users

Buses going where needed youth users are the most satisfied about; but bus drivers, journey times, and arriving on time they are more notably less satisfied.



Fairly satisfied

Q23. Rating the bus services you use, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the following? Base: All respondents 20+ years old: 4,990 / Youth bus users: 761

■ Very dissatisfied

■ Fairly dissatisfied

Neither satisfied/dissatisfied



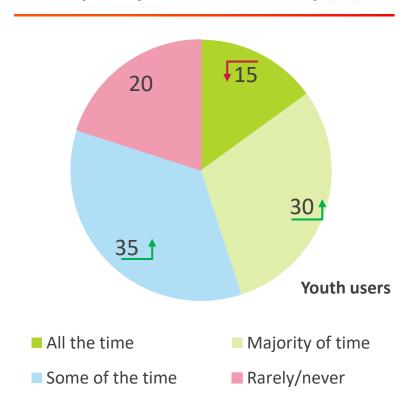
Significant difference to bus users (20+)

Higher 1

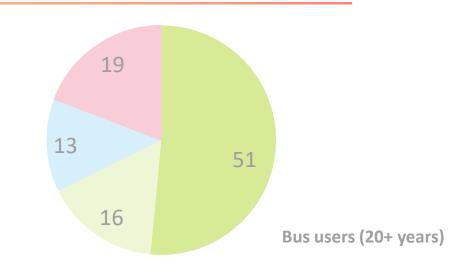


But compared to 20+ users, youth users have less option of taking the car

Frequency of car availability (%)



Frequency of car availability (%)



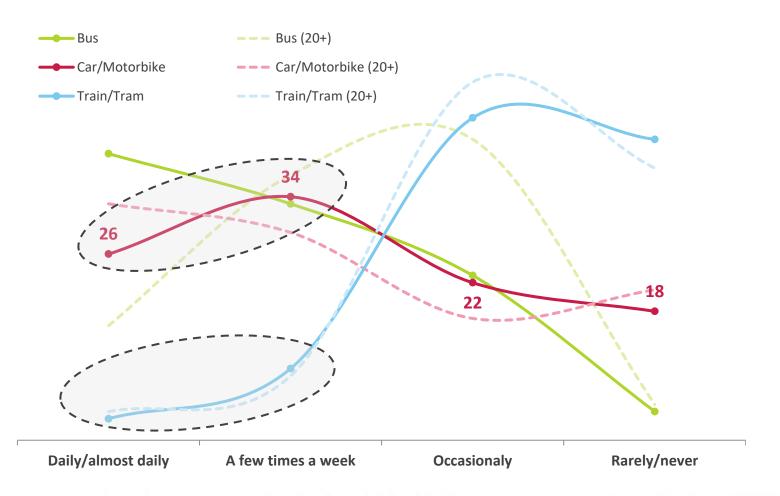
Opportunities to increase usage – youth users

Significant difference to bus users (20+)





Q27. How often is a car/motorbike available to you? Base: All respondents 20+ years old: 5,000 / Youth bus users: 846 But equally around 3/5th make journeys by car at least a few times a week



60%

of bus users make journeys by car/motorbike journeys

at least a few times per week

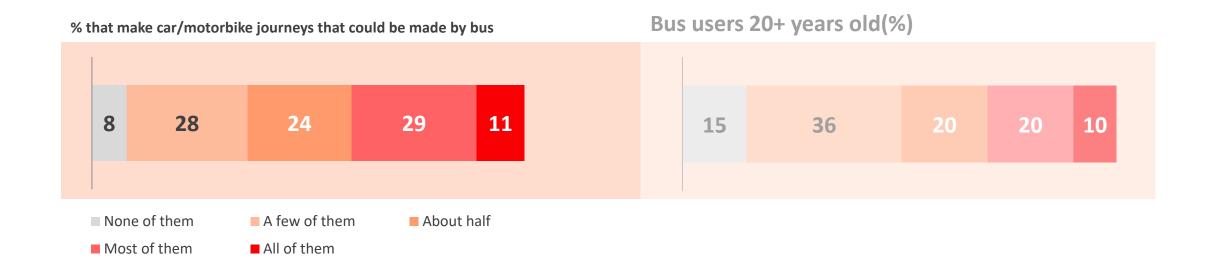
13%

Q7. In a typical week how frequently do you use the following modes of transport? Base: All youth bus users: 846



A higher proportion of youth car users could make more journeys by bus than 20+ years

40% could make most of their car journeys by bus





Of those users who can make their car journeys by bus (the 2/5 of the 60%); they do not really differ in

Opportunities to increase usage – youth users

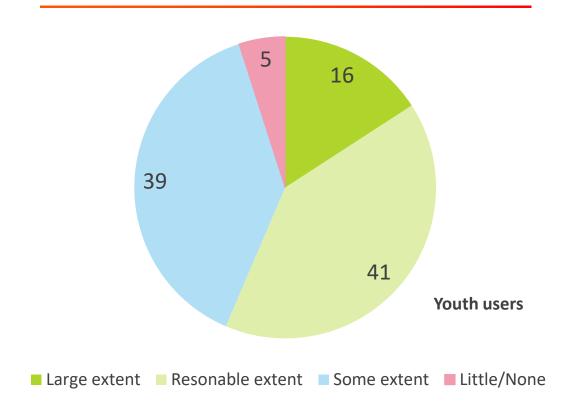
attitude to youth users as a whole All youth bus users Among those who could make Level of agreement most/all car journeys by bus (%) A good bus network is important to the local area 89 88 Travelling by bus is a good way to get about 74 69 I wouldn't mind making more journeys by bus 62 60 I only use buses if I have to (instead of other means of transport) 58 54 People like me don't use buses 16 11

Q10. To what extent to you agree or disagree with the following statements about travelling by bus? Base: Receptive youth users: 206, all youth users: 846

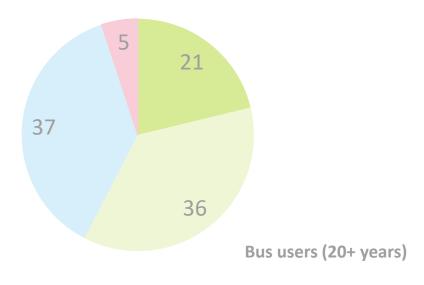


Just over half of youth users believe buses can play a role in reducing air pollution, similar to 20+ user segment

Extent buses play a part in reducing air pollution (%)



Extent buses play a part in reducing air pollution (%)



Q15. To what extent do you think buses can play a part in reducing air pollution? Base: All respondents 20+ years old: 5,000 / Youth bus users: 846





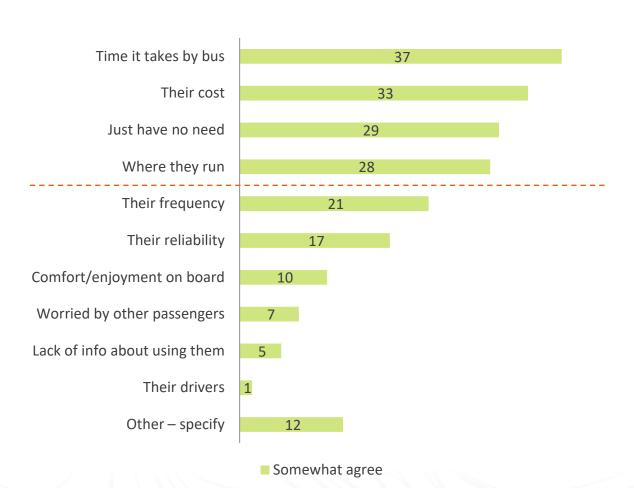
Key findings: non-users

- The substantial top of mind reasons they state for not using buses are: time taken by bus, their cost, where they run, and have no need.
- Their top five priorities include 'buses going to more places'; buses running more often; 'better value for money'; 'buses stop closer to home/destination' and 'buses running on time'.
- Their attitude towards using buses is more negative: around two fifths said 'travelling by bus is a good way to get about'; and only around a quarter agreed with 'I wouldn't mind making more journeys by bus'.
- Over four fifths are making car journeys each week, but just less than a fifth think those car journeys could be made by bus.



The bus takes too long (implies other modes are faster)

Also perceive buses doesn't run where they want to go, or frequently enough



Other reasons





Reasons for non use

For females the main issues are cost and the time the bus takes while for older non users it is about where the bus runs and frequency

	All non users Net agree	O ⁷	Q	14-19	20-34	35-64	65+
Time it takes by bus	37	36	37	33	40	37	32
Their cost	33	25	38	39	38	37	13
Just have no need	29	<u>32</u> †	27	41	32 1	25	28
Where they run	28	<u>35</u>	24	22	15	30	<u>47</u>
Their frequency	21	<u>26</u>	18	15	13	21	<u>37</u>
Their reliability	17	14	19	14	24	1 7	9
Comfort/enjoyment on board	10	9	11	11	13 1	9	6
Worried by other passengers	7	5	8	12	9	6	3
Lack of info about using them	5	4	5	7	6	4	4
Their drivers	1	1	2	2	2	2	0
Other – specify	12	12	11	6	7	12	21

Groups more open to increasing their bus usage

Significant difference to non-users

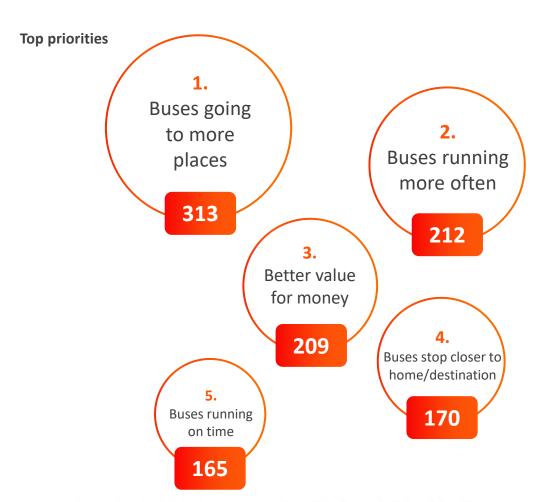


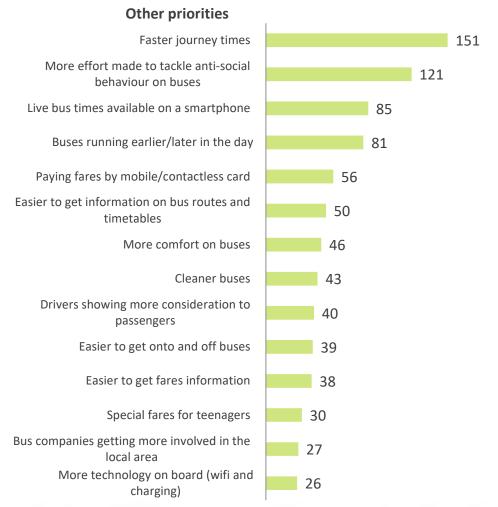




Priorities for improvement – non users

Centre on reasons for not using buses in the first place: more destinations, more often for a better price

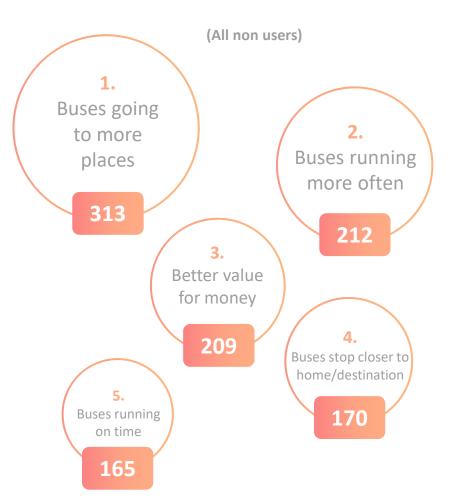


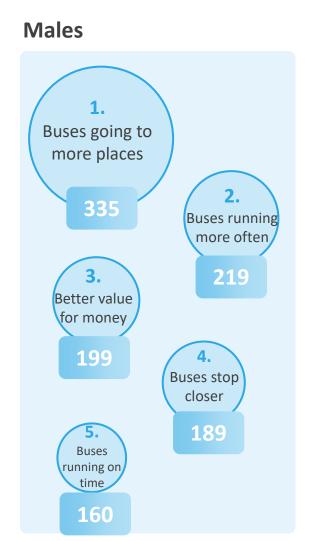


Q14. Please tick the improvement you think most people would want to see made and the one believe they would think is least important Base: All non users: 1700



Men feel more strongly about having more destinations









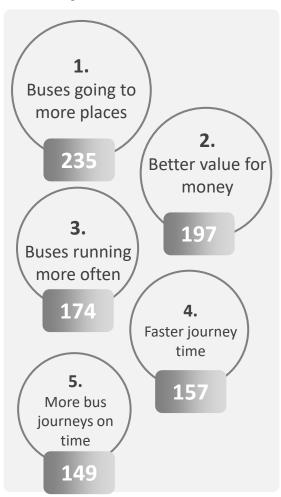
Q14. Please tick the improvement you think most people would want to see made and the one believe they would think is least important Base: All non users: 1700 / Male: 739 / Female: 961

Improvements – based on MaxDiff analysis

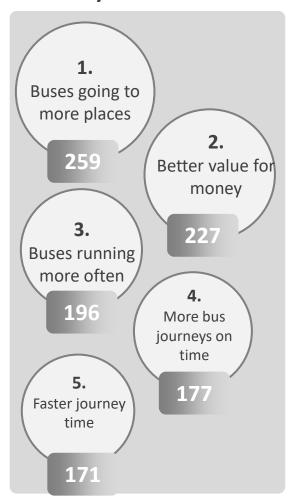


Eldest age group its about more bus routes; Younger groups VFM and faster journeys

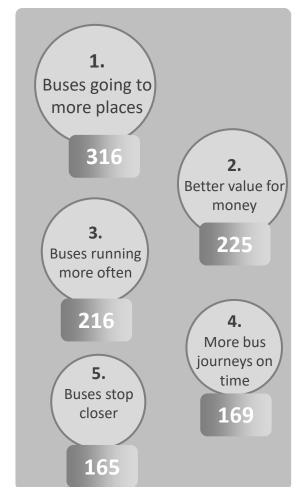
14-19 years



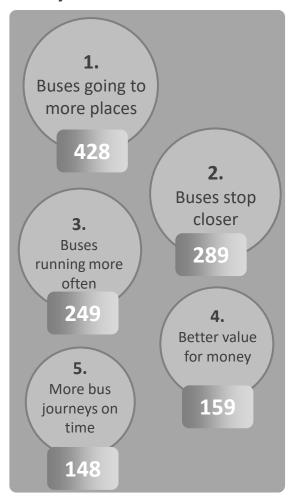
20-34 years



35-64 years



65+ years



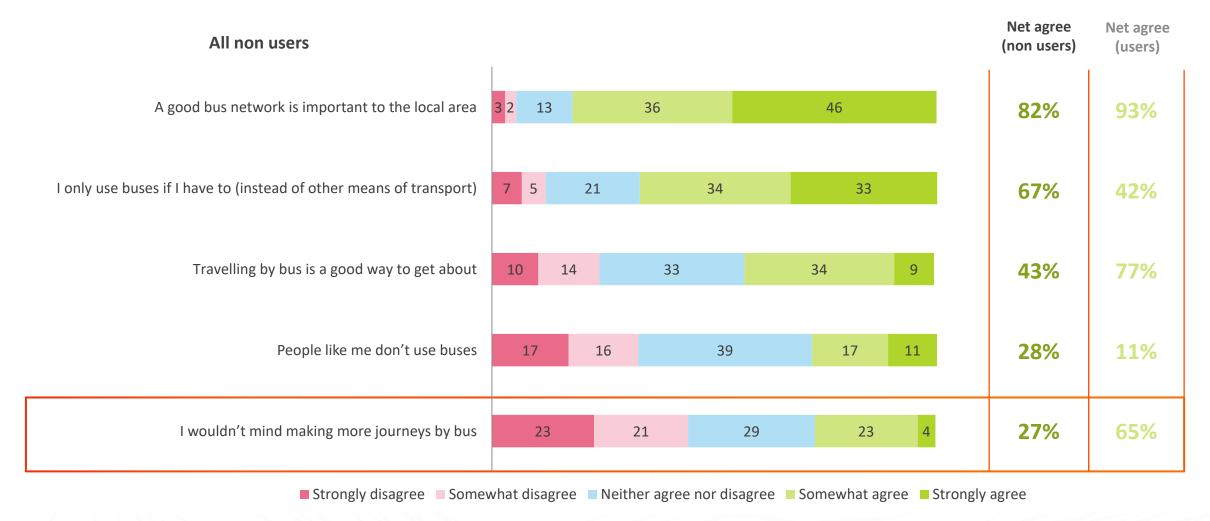
Q14. Please tick the improvement you think most people would want to see made and the one believe they would think is least important Base: 14-19: 199 / 20-34: 471 / 35-64: 697 / 65+: 333

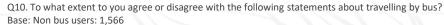
Improvements – based on MaxDiff analysis



Attitude to buses – non users

Good bus network is considered to be most important for the local area







Attitude to buses – non users

Female and older more open to making more bus journeys

But convincing will be a challenge. A third of them agree with "people like me don't use buses"

	All non users Net agree	Q	o ⁷	14-19	20-34	35-64	65+	Between every 4 months and a year	Less than once a year	Rarely/ never
A good bus network is important to the local area	82%	81	83	78	78	83	_87 ↑	90	84	78
I only use buses if I have to (instead of other means of transport)	67%	64	69	65	73 🕇	65	61	72	<u>72</u>	62
Travelling by bus is a good way to get about	43%	42	44	46	43	44	41	_54 ↑	45	38
People like me don't use buses	28%	_33 1	24	31	27	27	29	17	26	33 1
I wouldn't mind making more journeys by bus	27%	31	24	34	21	26	_36 †	37	30	22

Significant difference to non-users





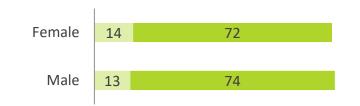


And almost 9 in 10 have a car available at least for the majority of time

Older respondents are those with most car access

Car access (%) 8 6 14 73 All the time Majority of time Some of the time Rarely/never

Car access by gender (%)



Car access by age (%)



Q27. How often is a car/motorbike available to you?

Base: No bus users: 1,700 / Male: 739 / Female: 961 / 14-19: 199 / 20-34: 471 / 35-64: 697 / 65+: 333



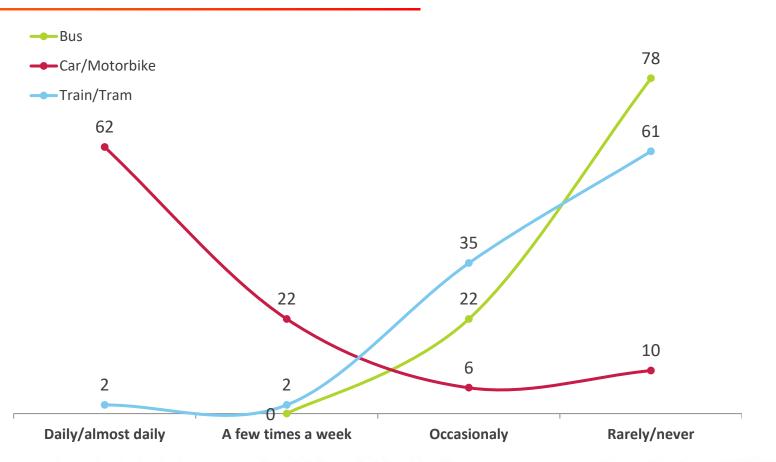


Opportunities to increase usage: non-users



Most are making frequent car journeys, but fewer make train/tram trips

Frequency of usage of transport modes (%)



84%

of non users make journeys by car/motorbike journeys

at least a few times per week

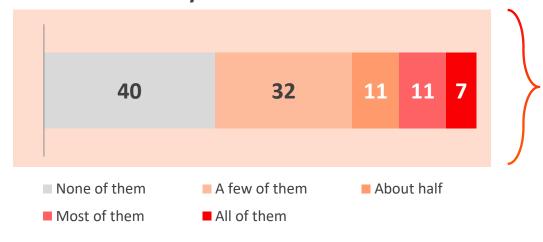
Q7. In a typical week how frequently do you use the following modes of transport? Base: All non bus users: 1,700



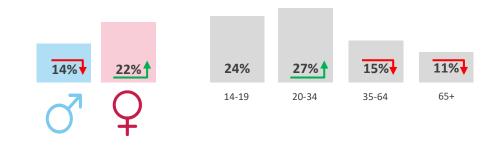
...but only 18% (of the 84%) feel these journeys could be made by bus

Slightly higher opportunity among females and under 35s

% that make car/motorbike journeys that could be made by bus



Those who could be using the bus instead of the car for at least most of the journeys



Q8. How many of your week's [Non bus] journeys could be made by bus? Base: non bus users : Car journeys: 1416

Significant difference to non-users

Lower Higher

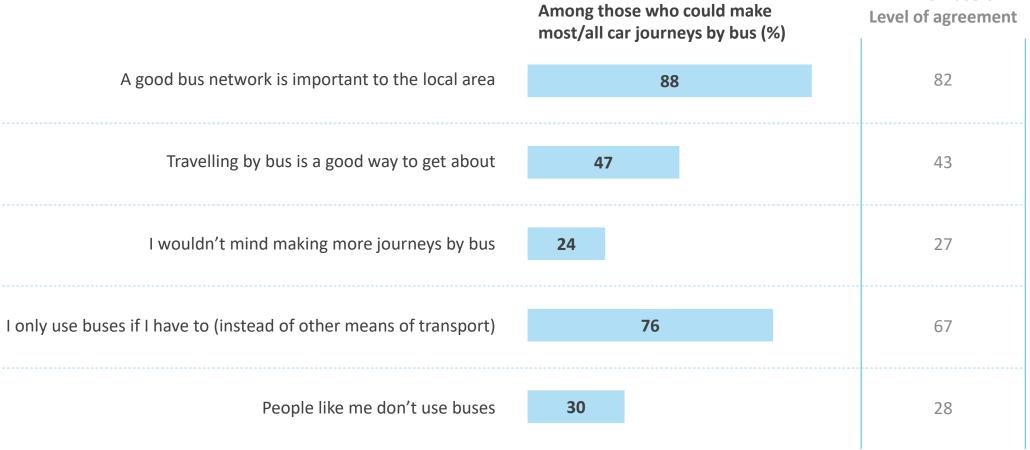


Of those users who can make their car journeys

Opportunities to increase usage – non-users

All non-users

by bus (the 18% of the 84%); they do not really differ in attitude to non-users as a group.

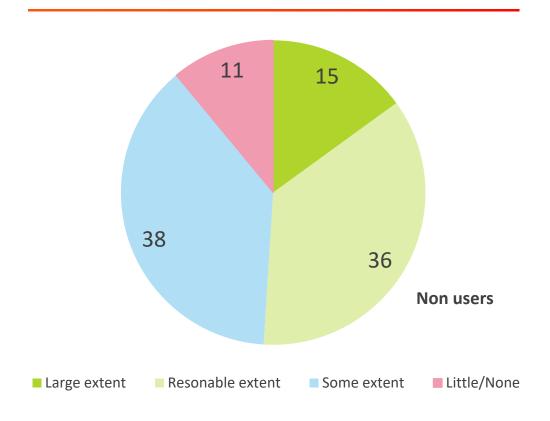


Q10. To what extent to you agree or disagree with the following statements about travelling by bus? Base: Receptive non users: 259, all non-users 20+: 1566

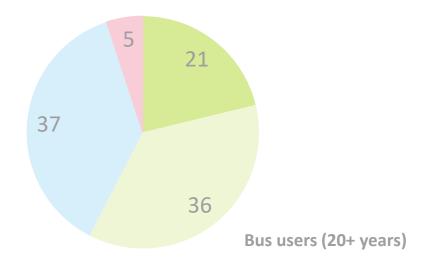


About half believe that buses can play a part in reducing air pollution (very similar to users)

Extent buses play a part in reducing air pollution (%)

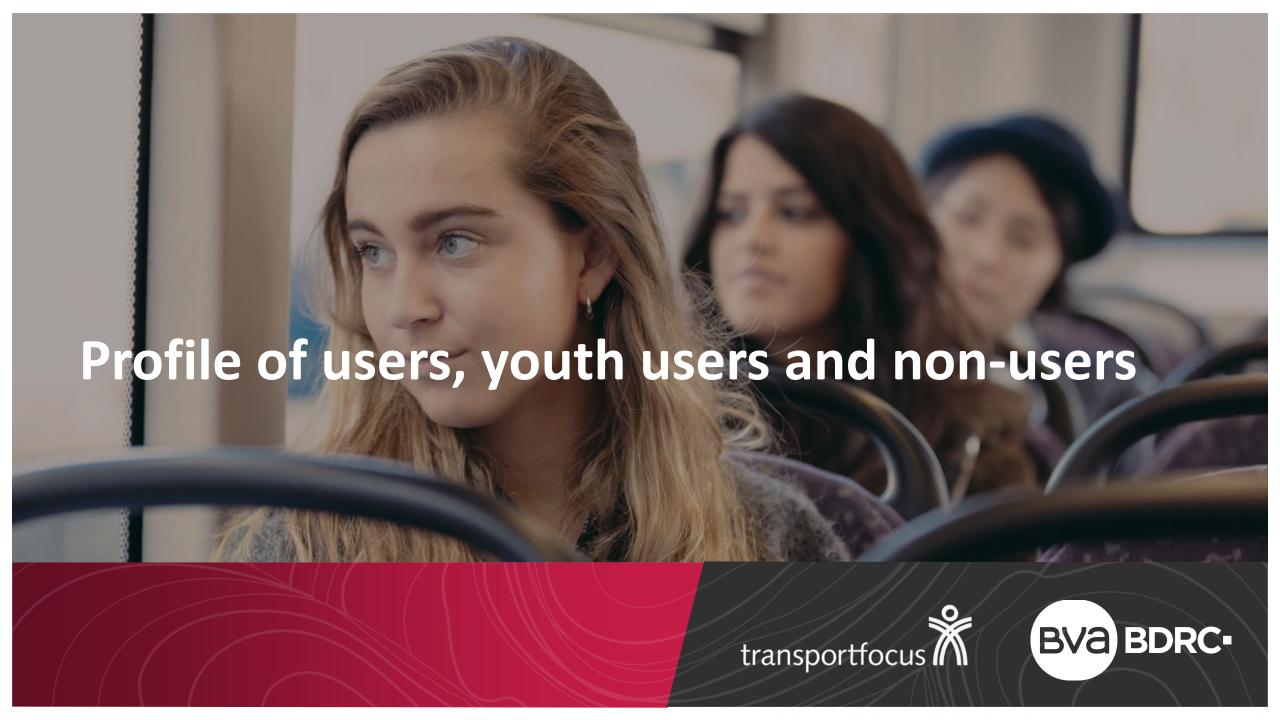


Extent buses play a part in reducing air pollution (%)



Q15. To what extent do you think buses can play a part in reducing air pollution? Base: All respondents 20+ years old: 5,000 / Non bus users: 1,700

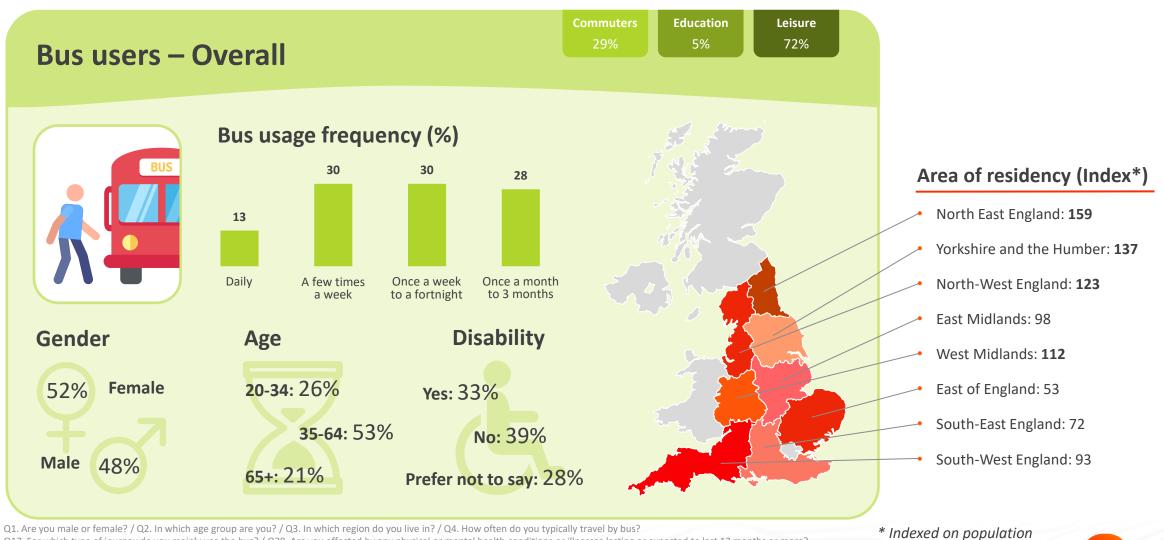




Profile/usage - users

Most bus users are around once a week

They primarily use the bus for leisure purposes



Q1. Are you male or female? / Q2. In which age group are you? / Q3. In which region do you live in? / Q4. How often do you typically travel by bus?

Q17. For which type of journey do you mainly use the bus? / Q29. Are you affected by any physical or mental health conditions or illnesses lasting or expected to last 12 months or more?

Base: Bus users (20+): 5,000

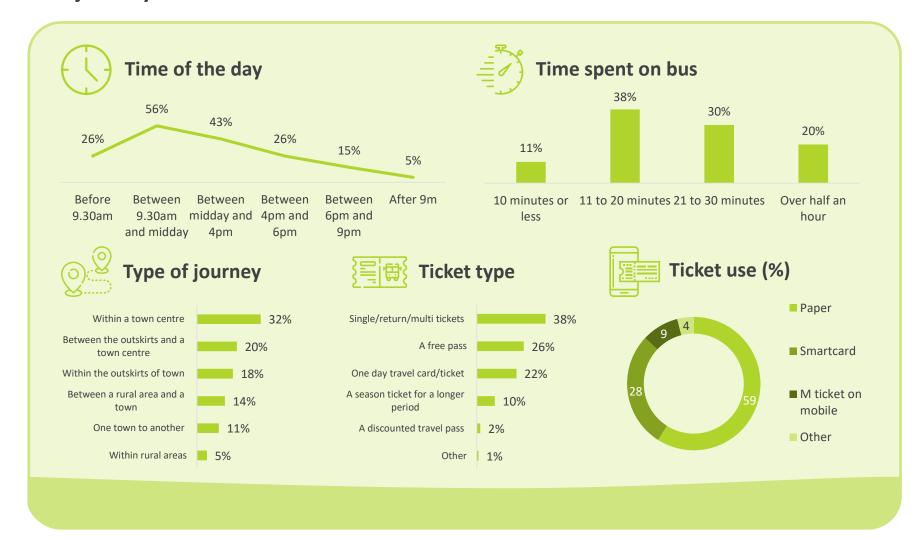
* Indexed on population estimate of England in 2018 by region - Statisat.com



Profile/usage - users

Most bus users take the bus in the morning (before noon)

and for journeys of less than 30 min



Q17 For which type of journey do you mainly use the bus? / Q18. When you use the bus are the journeys... / Q19. Typically how long is the part on the bus? Q22. And at what times of day do you travel by bus? / Q21. Form of ticket used.

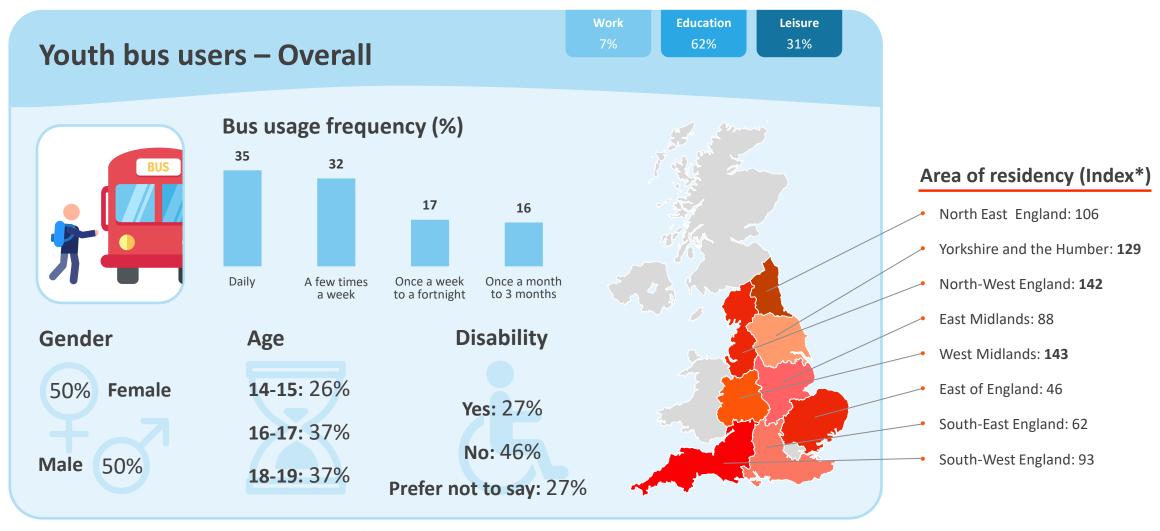




Profile/usage: youth users

Most travel at least a few times a week and primarily for education

Index higher in North West, West Midlands and Yorkshire/Humber

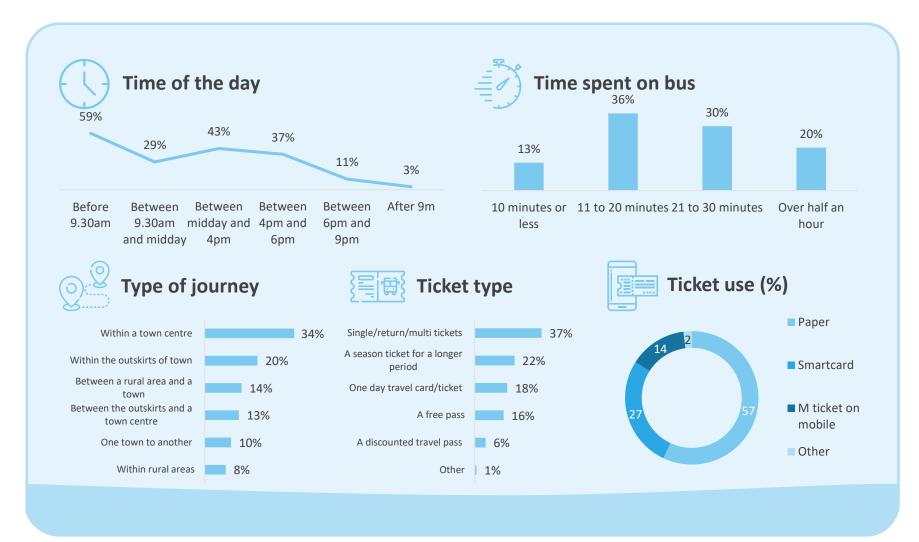


Q1. Are you male or female? / Q2. In which age group are you? / Q3. In which region do you live in? / Q4. How often do you typically travel by bus?
Q17. For which type of journey do you mainly use the bus? / Q29. Are you affected by any physical or mental health conditions or illnesses lasting or expected to last 12 months or more?
Base: Youth bus users: 846

^{*} Indexed on population estimate of England in 2018 by region - Statisat.com



Youth: usage closely linked to school timings



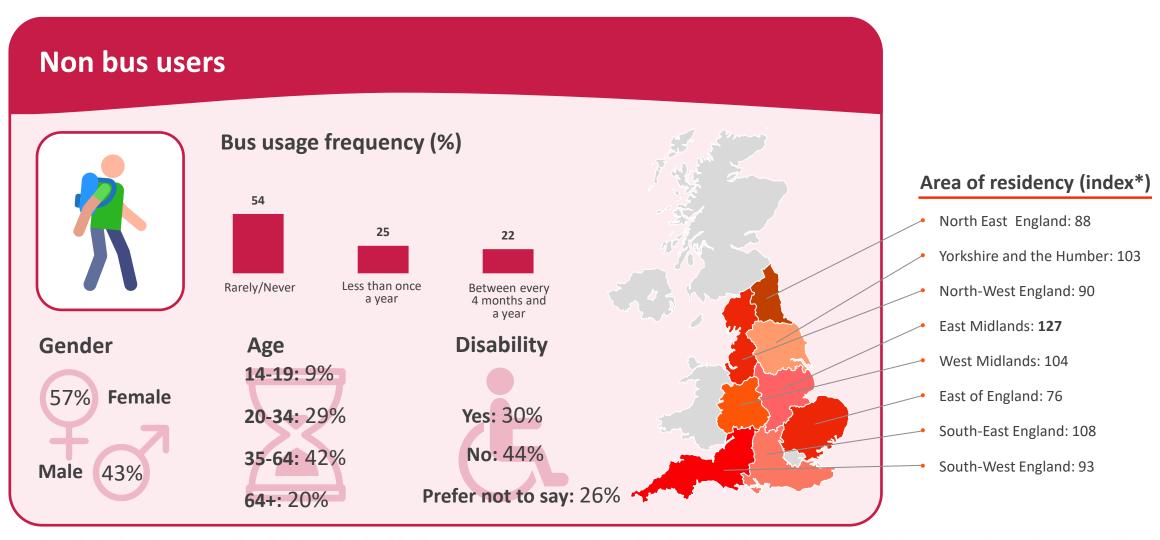
Q17 For which type of journey do you mainly use the bus? / Q18. When you use the bus are the journeys... / Q19. Typically how long is the part on the bus? Q22. And at what times of day do you travel by bus? / Q21. Form of ticket used. Base: Youth bus users: 846



Profile/usage – non users

More likely to be women and in the 35-64 year age bracket

East Midlands indexes higher on non-users



Q1. Are you male or female? / Q2. In which age group are you? / Q3. In which region do you live in? / Q4. How often do you typically travel by bus? Q29. Are you affected by any physical or mental health conditions or illnesses lasting or expected to last 12 months or more? Base: Non bus users: 1,700

^{*} Indexed on population estimate of England in 2018 by region - Statisat.com





Who we are - BVA BDRC

BVA BDRC is an award winning international consumer insight consultancy, conducting research in over 90 countries. The agency, part of Paris-based BVA Group, offers the complete range of research consulting and business transformation. We help brands get closer to their customers, improve customer experience and grow the bottom line.

We joined the BVA Group in mid 2018. We have already seen significant benefits from joining a larger group, with fresh collaboration in emerging areas such as behavioural economics and Nudge theory, entry into new markets and a more extensive international network. The wider BVA Group has close to 1,000 staff across twenty offices in eleven countries, with a worldwide turnover of €185m.

Hotels Media **Sector specialisms Finance Transport**

Business challenges:





Channels









Products



Customers





Markets









Retail

Travel & Tourism













Quality / accreditation (ISO, etc)















BVA BDRC is certified to ISO 20252 and 27001, the recognised international quality standards for market research and information security.

- Adherence to the standard is independently audited once per year.
- Where subcontractors are used by BVA BDRC, they are assessed to ensure any outsourced parts of the research are conducted in adherence to ISO 20252 and 27001.

All work will be carried out in conformity to these standards, the MRS Code of Conduct, and all relevant legal requirements

